CA20N EAB -0 53

ENVIRONMENTAL **ASSESSMENT** BOARD



ONTARIO HYDRO DEMAND/SUPPLY PLAN **HEARINGS**

VOLUME: 175

DATE:

Wednesday, January 6, 1993

BEFORE:

HON. MR. JUSTICE E. SAUNDERS Chairman

DR. G. CONNELL

. Member

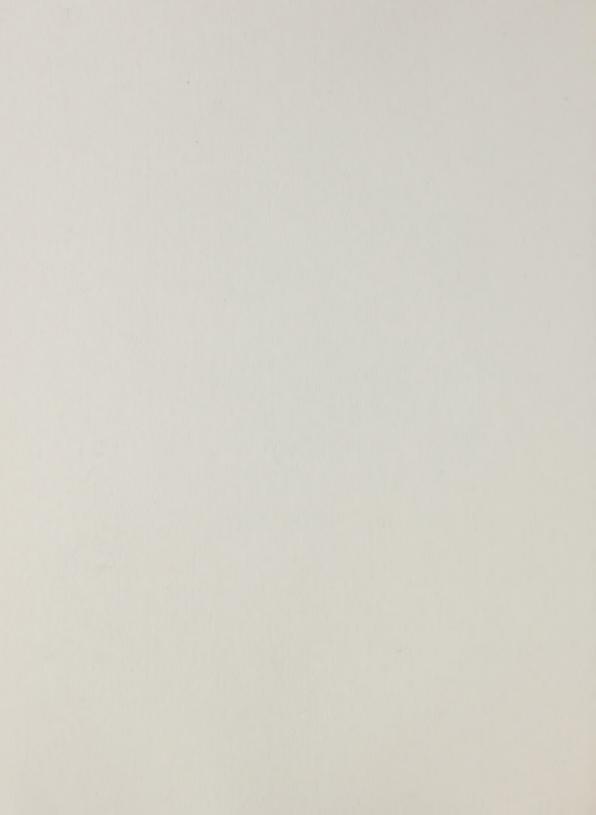
MS. G. PATTERSON

Member



(416) 482-3277

2300 Yonge St., Suite 709, Toronto, Canada M4P 1E4



EA-90-01

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT BOARD ONTARIO HYDRO DEMAND/SUPPLY PLAN HEARING

IN THE MATTER OF the <u>Environmental Assessment Act</u>, R.S.O. 1980, c. 140, as amended, and Regulations thereunder;

AND IN THE MATTER OF an undertaking by Ontario Hydro consisting of a program in respect of activities associated with meeting future electricity requirements in Ontario.

Held on the 5th Floor, 2200 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario, Wednesday, the 6th day of January, 1993, commencing at 9:00 a.m.

VOLUME 175

BEFORE:

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE E. SAUNDERS

Chairman

DR. G. CONNELL

Member

MS. G. PATTERSON

Member

STAFF:

MR. M. HARPUR

Board Counsel

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в.	BODNER		CONSUMERS GAS
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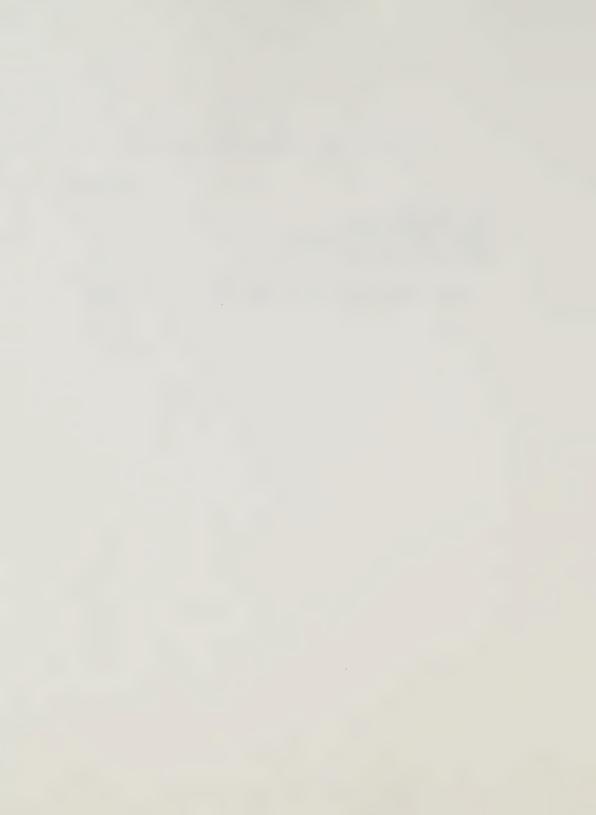
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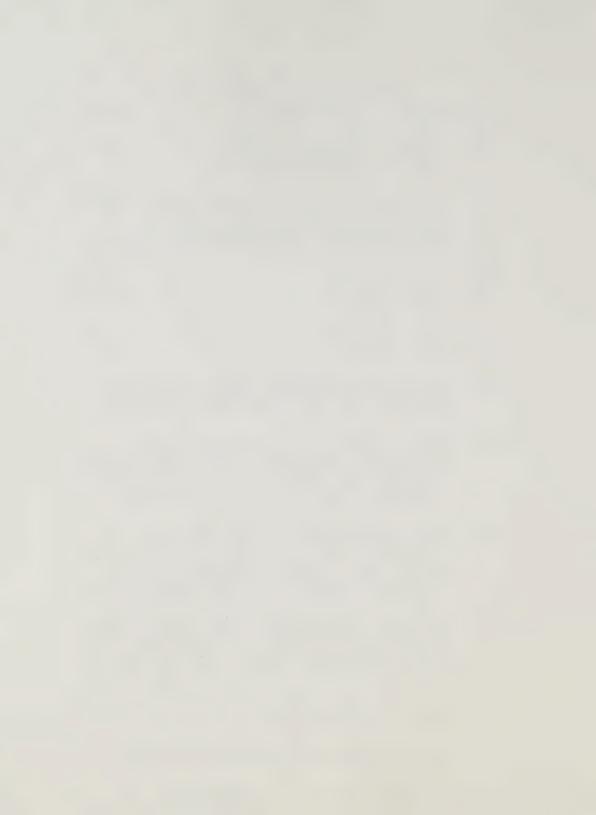
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AMIR SHALABY,	
PAUL JONATHAN BURKE,	
BRIAN PAUL WILLIAM DALZIEL,	
JOHN KENNETH SNELSON; Resumed.	30526
Cross-Examination by Mr. Castrilli (Cont'd)	30526
Cross-Examination by Mr. Shepherd	30560



LIST of EXHIBITS

No.	Description Page No.
938	Document entitled "Graphs for 30559 IPPSO's Cross-Examination of Ontario Hydro Witness Panel 11".
939	Document entitled "Letter from Minister 30559 of Energy to IPPSO re Ontario Hydro's Report on Business Planning and Capital Program Review", dated December 15th, 1992.
940	Reserved - EAB.
941a	NCA: Reserved.
941b	NCA: Reserved.
941c	NCA: Reserved.
942	NSTC: Document entitled "Anishinabe Cultural Impacts", John Ronald Wakegijig, December 30, 1992.
943	NSTC: Document entitled "Social Impact Assessment: Developing an Appropriate Framework for Aboriginal Peoples", Dr. Peter Homenuck, IER Planning, Research and Management Services, December 30, 1992.
944	NSTC: Document entitled "The Natural Environment Component Fossil and Nuclear Generation: What is the Appropriate Level of Analysis for a Planning Document", David R. Cressman, Ecologistics Limited, January 4, 1993.
945	NSTC/NAN Treaty/MRJBC: Document entitled "A Review of the Environmental Assessment Process used by Ontario Hydro in the Demand/Supply Plan", Steven Rowe, Walker, Nott, Dragicevic Associates Limited, December 30, 1992.
946	NAN Treaty #3: Witness statement of David Echum, December 22, 1992.
947	NAN Treaty #3: Witness statement of Verna Paypom, December 22, 1992.

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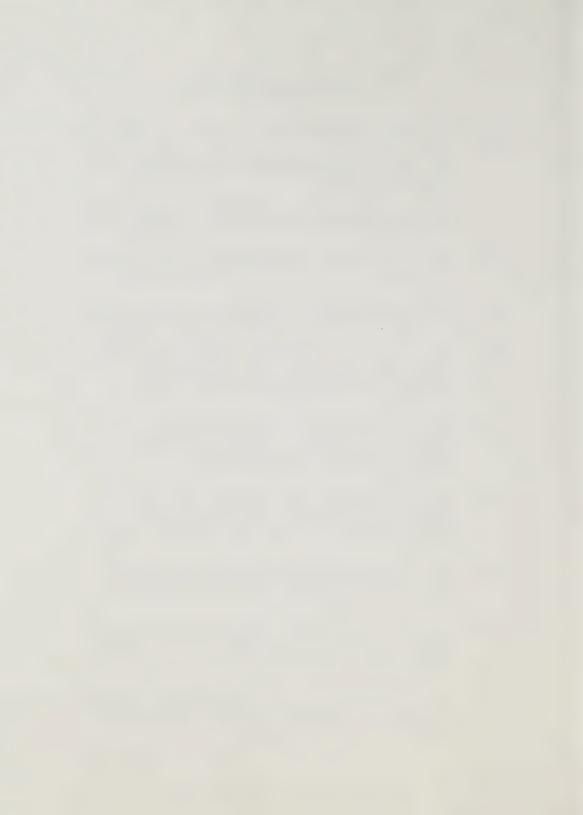
No.

- 948 NAN Treaty #3: Witness statement of Chief Roger Southwind, December 22, 1992.
- 949 NAN Treaty #3: Witness statement of Bill Twain, December 22, 1992.
- 950 MRJBC: Witness statement of Ivor Jones, January 4, 1993.
- 951 MRJBC: Witness statement of Ron Spencer, January 4, 1993:
- 952 IPPSO: Document entitled "The Potential For Non-Utility Generation in the Province of Ontario", Steven G. Diener and Associates Ltd., January 4, 1993.
- 953 IPPSO: Document entitled "Analysis of Alternative Supply Futures for the Ontario Hydro System", William B. Marcus, January 4, 1993.
- 954 IPPSO: Document entitled "Recommendations For Hydro's NUG Program", Dr. Janice G. Hamrin, January 5, 1993.
- 955 IPPSO: Document entitled "Risks, Taxation and the Social Cost of Electricity", Jack M. Mintz, January 5, 1993.
- 956 IPPSO: Document entitled "Background Notes for a Presentation to Energy Options", Jeff Passmore, November 19, 1987.
- 957 IPPSO: Document entitled "How Quickly We Forget - Representative Dates", Jeff Passmore, January 4, 1993.
- 958 CEG: "Correcting the Imbalance of Power, Volume Integrated Resource Planning for Ontario Hydro", John Wallach, John Plunkett.
- 959 CEG: "Correcting the Imbalance of Power, Volume 2: Integrating Demand Management in Least Cost Planning", John Plunkett.



LIST of EXHIBITS (Cont'd)

No.	Description Page	No
960	CEG: "Correcting the Imbalance of Power, Vol 3: Part 1: Benchmarking of the Integrated Model", Ed Bodmer.	ume
961	CEG: "Correcting the imbalance of Power, Vol 3: Part 2: The Benchmark Case", Ed Bodmer.	.um
962	CEG: "Correcting the Imbalance of Power, Vol 3: Part 3: The Ontario Hydro Reference Case Ed Bodmer.	
963	CEG: "Correcting the Imbalance of Power, Vol 3: Part 4: The RII Reference Case", Ed Bodm	
964	CEG: "Building the Ontario Hydro's Conservat Power Plant, Volume 1: Demand Management Programs: Targets and Strategies", John Plunkett.	io
965	CEG: "Building Ontario Hydro's Conservation Power Plant, Volume 1: Demand Management Programs: Targets and Strategies Appendices", John Plunkett.	
966	CEG: "Building Ontario Hydro's Conservation Power Plant, Volume 2: Demand Management Program Design for Least Cost Planning", John Plunkett.	1
967	CEG: "Building Ontario Hydro's Conservation Power Plant, Volume 3: RII Program Technical Analysis", John Plunkett.	
968	CEG: "Building Ontario Hydro's Conservation Power Plant, Volume 4: Assessment of Ontario Hydro's 1993 Demand-Management Plan", John Plunkett.	
969	CEG: "Electricity Demand and Savings Potenti in Ontario's Commercial Sector: Main report" Ralph Torrie, Robin Skinner.	



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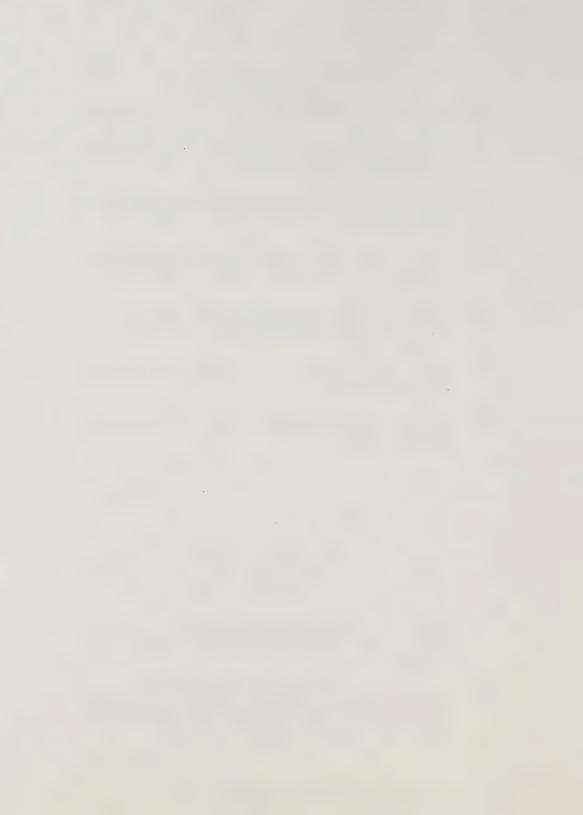
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970 CEG: "Electricity Demand and Savings Potential in Ontario's Commercial Sector: Appendix", Ralph Torrie, Robin Skinner.

- 971 CEG: "Electricity Demand and Savings Potential in Ontario's Residential Sector: Appendix", Ralph Torrie.
- 972 CEG: "Electricity Demand and Savings Potential in Ontario's Residential Sector: Appendix", Ralph Torrie.
- 973 CEG: "Estimation of the Costs Avoided by Potential Demand Management Activities of Ontario Hydro", Paul Chernick.
- 974 CEG: "Waste Impacts of the Nuclear Fuel Cycle",
 Marvin Resnikoff.
- 975 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 1: Summary", Gordon Thompson.
- 976 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 2: Accident Risk for Nuclear Plants Similar to DNGS 'A'", Gordon Thompson.
- 977 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 2 Annex I: A Review of the Darlington Level 1 PRA Analysis", Gordon Thompson, Steven Sholly.
- 978 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 2 Annex II: Level II PRA Issues for DNGS 'A'", Gordon Thompson.
- 979 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 2 Annex III: Offsite Consequences of Potential Accidents at DNGS 'A'", Gordon Thompson.



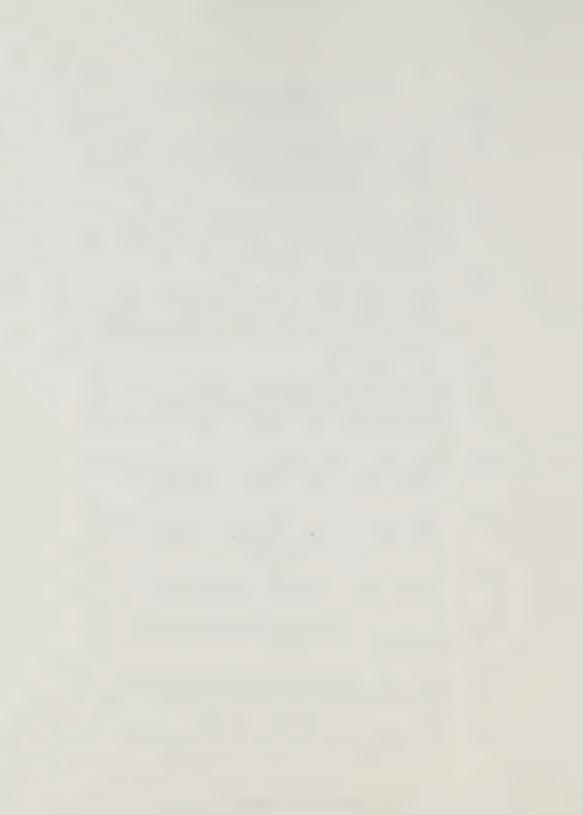
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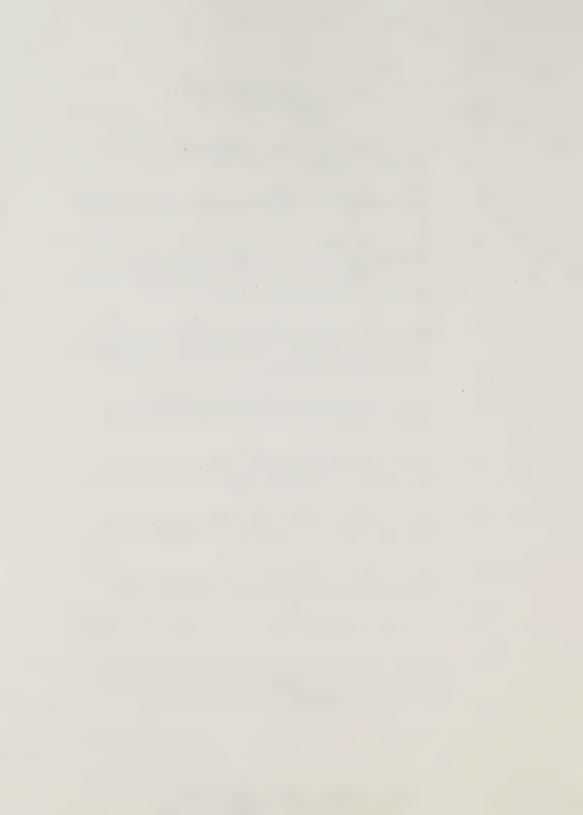
- 980 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 2 Annex IV: Onsite Consequences of Potential Accidents at DNGS 'A', Gordon Thompson.
- 981 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 3: Cost and Risk Profile of Alternative Nuclear Plant Designs", Gordon Thompson.
- 982 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 3 Annex I: Safety Aspects of CANDU Plant Design: Previous Practice and Future Options", Gordon Thompson, Steven Sholly.
- 983 CEG: "Risk Implications of Potential New Nuclear Plants in Ontario, Volume 3 Annex II: An Update on the Modular High Temperature Gas-Cooled Reactor (MHTGR)", Gordon Thompson, Steven Sholly.
- 984 CEG: "Performance Reliability of Ontario Hydro CANDU Plants: What Should be Expected in Future? (Revised)", Charles Komanoff.
- 985 CEG: "Capital Cost Escalation at Ontario Hydro CANDU Plants: What Should be Expected in Future?", Charles Komanoff.
- 986 CEG: "Nuclear Insurance and the Subsidy of the Nuclear Liability Act", Crawford Laing.
- 987 CEG: "The Prospects and Options For AECL Developing a New Reactor Technology", Gordon Mackerron.
- 988 CEG: "The Adequacy and Realism of Ontario Hydro's Methods for Estimating Nuclear Capital Costs", Gordon MacKerron.
- 989 CEG: "The Appropriate Cost of Capital for Ontario Hydro", John Evans.



LIST of EXHIBITS (Cont'd)

No. Description Page No.

- 990 CEG: "Public Opinion and Marketing Research Carried Out on Behalf of Ontario Hydro: A Summary Analysis", Angus Reid.
- 991 CEG: "Employment Impact of Alternative Energy Demand/Supply Options", Leonard Rodberg.
- 992 CAC: "Residential Demand-Side Management Market Preparation, Market Transformation and Whole-House/Multiple Measure Program Strategies to Enhance DSM Penetration Rates", Paul Berkowitz, December 22, 1992.
- 993 CAC: "Electricity pricing in Ontario: Macro Effects and Distributional Impacts from Current Policies and Possible Alternatives", Leo de Bever, January 3, 1993.
- 994 ONGA: "Natural Gas Options for Electricity Demand/Supply Planning in Ontario", December 1992.
- 995 ONGA: "The Environmental Opportunities For Natural Gas", Rowan Williams Davies and Irwin Inc., August 19, 1992.
- 996 ONGA: "Report on Natural Gas Procurement for Power Generation", Richard J. Redmore, July 1, 1992.
- 997 ONGA: "Natural Gas Supply Issues", Sproule Associates Limited for ONGA, December 1992.
- 998 CNA: Witness statement of Tim Meadley, December 23, 1992.
- 999 Energy Probe: "Environmental Unacceptability and Environmental Regulation of Nuclear Power", Norman Rubin, Borealis Energy Research Association, January 4, 1993.



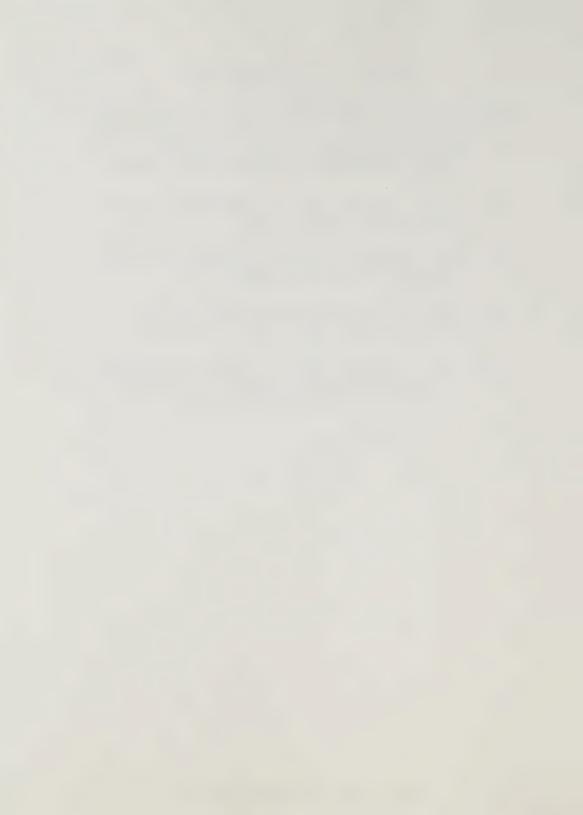
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No.	Description Page No Northwatch: Panel 3b - Options - NUGs -
1000	Document entitled "Cogeneration in the Industrial Sector of Northern Ontario", Bruce A Lourie, January 4, 1993.
1001	Northwatch: Panel 5 - Miscellaneous Issues - Lay Witness Statements, January 5, 1993.
1002	Northwatch: Panel 5 - Miscellaneous Issues - Document entitled "Community Involvement in an Environment of Concurrent and Cross-Planning", Charles Hostovsky, January 5, 1993.
1003	Northwatch: Exhibit - Writings Related to Hydroelectric Development", Fikret Berkes, Ph.D., December 15, 1992.
1004	Northwatch: Document entitled "Evaluation of Fish Habitat Mitigation at Six Hydrotechnical Projects", KGS Group, EAG, NHCL, December 16, 1992.
1005	Government Agencies: Document entitled "Medium-Term Prospects for Renewable Energy in Ontario's Electrical Supply", Hickling Corporation for Ontario Ministry of Energy, Jun 1992.
1006	Government Agencies: Ministry of the Environment Witness Statements (With attachments) - Testimony of Kenneth B. Ogilvie, January 1993.
1007	Government Agencies: Ministry of Natural Resources Witness Statement - testimony of Rick LaPrairie and Ian Crawford, January 4, 1993.
1008	Government Agencies: Ontario Native Affairs Secretariat Witness Statement (With Attachments) - Testimony of Grant Wedge, Januar 4, 1993.



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No.	Description Page No
1009	Government Agencies: Ministry of Energy Witness Statement (With Attachments) - Testimony of A.P. Rockingham and Duncan Taylor, January 4, 1993.
1010	"AECL: Document entitled "CANDU Safety Design" Victor Snell, January 4, 1993.
1011	AECL: Document entitled "The management of Low Level Radioactive Waste in Canada", D. Charlesworth, January 4, 1993.
1012	AECL: Document entitled "An Evaluation of Ontario Hydro's Demand Plan", Dr. Lester B. Lave, January 4, 1993.
1013	AECL: Document entitled "A Planning Assessment of Demand Management Programs at Ontario Hydro" Oliver S. Yu, January 4, 1993.

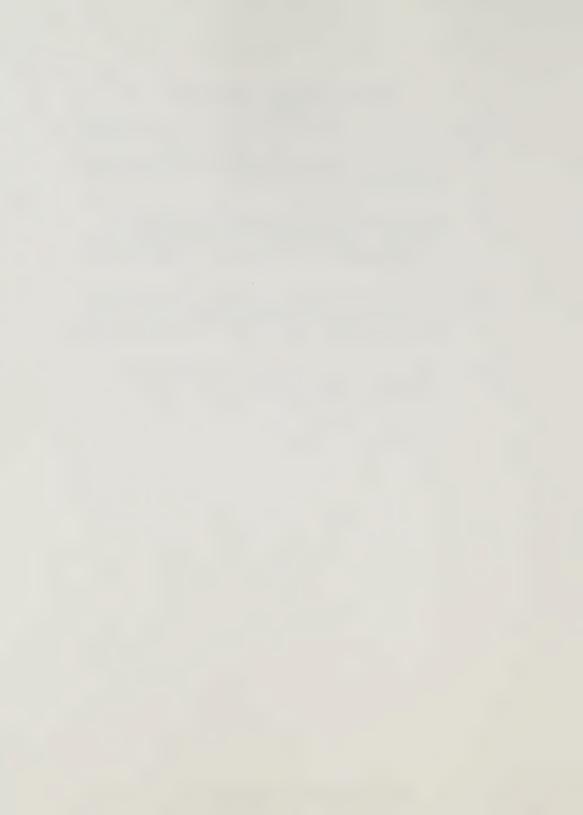


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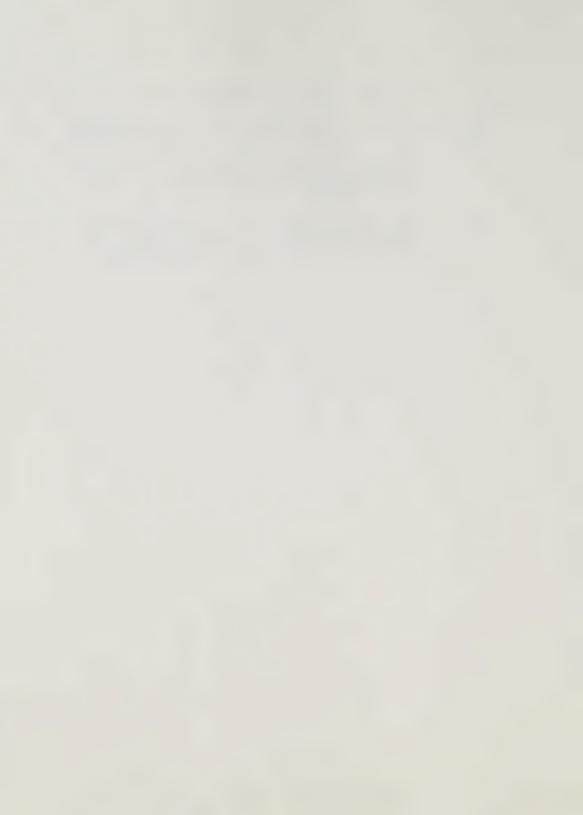
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- 1014 AECL: Document entitled "The Canadian Nuclear Fuel Waste Management Concept", B. Gray and K. Nuttall, January 4, 1993.
- 1015 AECL: Document entitled "Ontario Hydro Demand/Supply Plan Environmental Assessment Hearing AECL Submission on Decommissioning", JG. Pratapagiri, J. Liederman, F. Pare, January 4, 1993.
- 1016 AECL: Document entitled "A Planning Assessment of the Non-Utility Generation Program in Ontario Hydro's Resource Plan", Oliver S. Yu and Anthony Pavone, January 4, 1993.
- 1017 MDAB: Letter from Blair Taylor to Bruce Campbell re Exhibit 796.



LIST of UNDERTAKINGS

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940.1	Ontario Hydro undertakes to provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval.	30576
940.2	Ontario Hydro undertakes to determine status of any decision to put on hold NUG projects of less than five megawa	



TIME NOTATIONS

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1	Upon commencing at 9:05 a.m.
2	THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order.
3	This hearing is again in session. Please be seated.
4	THE CHAIRMAN: Since yesterday people
5	have been busy filing exhibits and we now have given
6	numbers to exhibits 941 to 1017, inclusive. The list
7	of those exhibits will be published by the reporters
8	tomorrow, at least in today's transcript. Is that
9	correct, Ms. Morrison - in today's transcript?
10	There will be a meeting this Friday of
11	all intervenors, this Friday at ten o'clock, of all
12	intervenors who are proposing to present evidence in
13	Panel 2. One recognizes immediately that there may
14	never be evidence on Panel 2, but one has to do a
15	certain amount of contingency planning in this hearing
1.6	at least, so there will be such a meeting. What the
17	agenda will be and what will be discussed will be a
18	matter for those who are present and anyone who wants
19	to discuss it in advance can do so with Ms. Morrison.
20	I think those are the announcements that
21	I was asked to make. Mr. Castrilli you can continue
22	with your questions.
23	MR. CASTRILLI: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
24	·

1	AMIR SHALABY, PAUL JONATHAN BURKE,
2	BRIAN PAUL WILLIAM DALZIEL, JOHN KENNETH SNELSON; Resumed.
3	
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASTRILLI (Cont'd):
5	Q. Good morning, Panel. I wanted to
6	come back to a matter that I touched on briefly
7	yesterday afternoon, and that is the issue of what
8	exactly are the approvals now being sought in relation
9	to transmission. Perhaps the easiest way to do this is
1.0	to refer to page 19 of what I believe is Exhibit 937.
11	On this list are the DSP components that
12	remain, such as they are. What is not immediately
13	apparent from the list is the transmission that is
L 4	being sought for approval. I take it the transmission
15	that is still being sought is in relation to the
16	hydraulic additions, whatever they may be. Is that
17	accurate?
18	MR. SNELSON: A. I believe we have
19	stated our hydraulic approvals requested and that a
20	exhibit number was given to the a statement of exactly
21	the form of the hydraulic approval that we are
22	requesting. I could find that exhibit number given
23	time.
24	We haven't changed the request for
25	hydraulic approvals. I do believe that the requirement

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- 1 and rationale for incorporating transmission for the 2 range of hydraulic approvals is a part of the approvals 3 requested. Only the incorporation of that need and 4 rationale for the incorporation of the range of 5 hydraulic capacity and energy for which approval is being requested. 6
- 7 Now, does the resurrection of the Little Jackfish affect the need for east/west 8 transmission? 9
- 10 A. It has some impact on east/west flows 11 and could impact on the need for east/west transmission 12 either to increase or to reduce it, depending upon which direction the flows are most critical at that 13 time. 14
 - O. Is that one of the matters that is to be considered over the next several months and of which we might be apprised?
 - A. Well, I didn't object to your resurrection of Little Jackfish in your question this time but you will recall my objection to it yesterday.
 - Q. Yes, I do?

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Little Jackfish by itself I don't think is a large enough influence to drive the need for major transmission between the east and the west systems. It would be a contributing factor in some

Shalaby, Burke, Snelson, 30528

1	circumstances but by itself would not be large enough.
2	Q. That would also be true for some of
3	the other hydraulic developments identified on page 19
4	of Exhibit 937 such as Patten Post and Ragged Chute?
5	Could they also contribute to the need for east/west
6	transmission?
7	A. I believe Patten Post and Ragged
8	Chute are both in the northeast region and would have
9	very little influence on flows between the northwest
10	region and the northeast region.
11	Q. Could I ask you gentlemen to turn
12	to - probably you in particular, Mr. Burke - to
13	attachment C of Exhibit 796? There are two excerpts I
14	wanted to refer you to. The first one is on page 23 of
15	that attachment. We are looking at the last half of
16	the second paragraph on page 23 the sentence that
17	begins "the difference".
18	Do you see that, Mr. Burke? On the
19	right-hand side of the second column, sorry, second
20	paragraph on page 23 of attachment?
21	MR. BURKE: A. Yes, yes.
22	Q. C?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. It says:
25	The difference in results may reflect

1 the greater ability of the end-use system 2 to reflect structural shifts within the 3 industrial sector. Nonetheless, it was Δ considered premature to accept as weak a recovery in industrial loads as the one 5 6 suggested by the end-use analysis. The 7 extent of the economic difficulties 8 facing Ontario's electricity-intensive 9 industries is one of the major risks to 10 this forecast. 11 Just before I ask you the question, I 12 just want to refer you to page 81 of the same 13 attachment. We are now looking at the bottom of the 14 page. It says: It is difficult to predict at this 15 16 point the extent to which long-term industrial restructuring will take place 17 18 versus a come back to previous output 19 levels. The industry specific forecasts 20 which follow do show the impacts of 21 restructuring. However, the "other" nonspecific industry category has been 22 23 adjusted to ensure consistency with 24 projections from the short-term load

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25

forecast which maintains a somewhat more

1	optimistic picture of the industrial
2	sector.
3	Over to page 82.
4	In essence the "other" category is
5	used to make up the difference between
6	the end-use forecast and the recommended
7	short-term load forecast. Its strong
8	growth may be interpreted as accounting
9	for currently unspecified growth
10	potential. The adjustment builds up
11	4,959 gigawatts by 1997 and is maintained
12 .	at that level for all years thereafter
13	I think is
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Gigawatthours.
15	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Sorry, gigawatthours.
16	My apology.
17	Mr. Burke just reflecting on those two
18	quotes for a moment would it be fair to say that those
19	two quotes reveal a level of uncertainty in the
20	industrial load forecast?
21	MR. BURKE: A. Yes.
22	Q. Would you be prepared to say they
23	reveal an extraordinary level of uncertainty in the
24	industrial load forecast?
25	A. No.

		Dalziel cr ex (Castrilli)			
1		Q.	No?	This is typical in your	
2	owneries and				

A. I think the issue of restructuring and the extent to which it could impact on Ontario load has been controversial for quite a number of years and the differences reflected in essentially the two approaches the econometric and the end-use approaches in the short term to the industrial sector are not all that large relative to the total size of the sector.

I think though that we have highlighted this difference, particularly this year, because we are at a rather awkward point in the economic cycle from which to try to predict the outcome and in making the judgment we have made, what is termed the more optimistic approach in on page 82, or page 81, that it is too early to call. We do not have sufficient evidence.

What the form of the recovery in Ontario will be - we are quite confident there will be an economic recovery in Ontario - the form of it and the extent to which it includes these electricity-intensive industries is controversial and I have no problem saying that.

[9:15 a.m.]

But it's too early to suggest that a more

pessimistic outcome will occur.

The sorts of events that can lend quite positively to the prospects of those industries are going on right now. The much lower Canadian dollar will help specifically these industries, and we will have to see how they pull out in the next year before we would tend toward the forecast that the end-use model is suggesting for that sector.

Q. Does the "other" category, or its use by Ontario Hydro, not leave one with the impression that it is being used as a category of currently unspecified growth potential whose forecasted load is adjusted to whatever level is necessary to get to the end result you want?

A. The methodology that we have used for the basic load forecast is the same as described on Panel 1. We went through the trade-offs we make between econometric and end-use methods and the extent to which we applied judgment in using both sets of inputs. We discussed the relationship between the short-term and the long-term forecasting methodologies there. This is no different than before. The adjustment took place last time in the commercial sector because that was our area of most uncertainty at the time. Now it turns out there is very little

	cr ex (Castrilli)
1	discrepancy between the commercial sectors, or the sum
2	of the residential plus commercial sector and it is
3	highlighted in the industrial sector. There is very
4	little difference and this approach I think has been
5	discussed at length in Panel 1.
6	Q. Let's move on.
7	I would like to ask you to turn to page
8	11 of Exhibit 796. I'm sorry, I misspoke. I should
9	have been referring to attachment A, section 4E.
.0	THE CHAIRMAN: I'm sorry, I have lost
.1	you. Where are you now?
.2	MR. CASTRILLI: Attachment A, small Roman
.3	numeral 2.
.4	THE CHAIRMAN: Attachment A to C or is it
.5	attachment A to 796?
.6	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm sorry, attachment A
.7	to Exhibit 796. My apologies, Mr. Chairman. And we
.8	are looking at small Roman numeral 2 in attachment A as
.9	part of the Executive Summary.
20	Q. Mr. Snelson, yesterday you and I
21	talked about the items that are listed in that
22	paragraph dealing with the Mattagami Complex, the four
23	that we are talking about were better utilization of

the river, improved reservoir and erosion management,

regional development and relatively low cost upward

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1	flexibility.
2	You recall that discussion, do you not?
3	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes, I do.
4	Q. Would it be fair to say that those
5	are site-specific factors?
6	A. They are in this discussion with
7	respect to the Mattagami site, yes.
8	Q. Thank you. Now, could I ask you,
9	gentlemen, to turn to attachment H. We are looking at
10	schedule 1. Sorry, we are looking at the top of the
11	page in schedule 1 of attachment H, and it's really in
12	relation to both Niagara and Mattagami where you
13	indicate that early expeditures should be minimized in
L 4	order to retain flexibility. I believe you say that in
L5	relation to both the Mattagami and the Niagara
16	hydraulic developments. Could you explain or clarify
17	the rationale for that statement or clarify that
18	statement?
1.9	A. The statement seems fairly clear to
20	me. Clearly, you don't want to spend money before you
21	need to, and the more money you have spent, then the
22	less flexibility you have to change.
23	Q. Mr. Snelson, at what point in
24	development would sunk costs for Niagara and Mattagami

begin to increase rapidly?

1	A. The most rapid increase in costs and
2	commitments to costs occurs at the time of committing
3	the construction of the project which is the start of
4	the acquisition phase which would have been discussed
5	on previous panels when talked about the life cycle of
6	generation.
7	Q. Do the data in this attachment,
8	attachment H, in particular schedules 2 through 4,
9	reflect minimization of early capital expeditures for
10	Niagara and Mattagami.
11	MR. DALZIEL: A. Schedules 2 and 3
12	represent the starting point of the capital review, and
13	the adjustments are shown in schedule 4. So in order
14	to get the reflection of the capital reductions, that
15	would match the intent of the statement you were
16	referring to earlier, you would take the values in
17	schedule 4 and within the appropriate branches back
18	those amounts out of the capital budgets in schedules 2
19	to 3.
20	Q. Yes. Sorry, you were done?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. So the answer to my question is not
23	clear to me. Do the data concerning capital program
24	costs in those three schedules reflect minimization of
25	early capital expenditures for the Niagara and

	Dalziel cr ex (Castrilli)
1	Mattagami developments?
2	A. They reflect the current view of the
3	appropriate capital expenditures. I can't say that
4	they reflect minimization.
5	Q. I'm sorry, I couldn't hear you.
6	A. You used the word "minimization" in
7	your question. I can't say they reflect minimization,
8	but they reflect the current view of the capital
9	expenditures.
10	Q. How would you characterize the
7 7	current wise if itle not minimization?

- current view if it's not minimization? 11 A. I would think it's pretty close to 12
- 13 minimum.
- 14 Q. Close to minimum. Can you quantify 15 that for me?
- A. No, I can't. 16

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- 17 Q. Has Hydro done an analysis that 18 permits it to determine when it's been consistent with the notion of minimization quantitatively and when it 19 20 is not?
- A. I think the purpose of the capital 22 review was to look closely at capital expenditures and
- 23 to see how they could be reduced, and that exercise has 24 been done, it was presented as part of the October
- 25 Board memorandum, and that's the information that we

1 are looking at here.

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2 I'm just being a bit cautious about

saying that's the absolute minimum.

4 MR. B. CAMPBELL: Mr. Chairman, in

fairness, my friend might point out as well in the

midst of pointing out bits and pieces of all this paper

that's it's explicitly made clear on Mr. Eliesen's

covering letter that the cost estimates do not reflect

certain other corporate improvement initiatives that

are under way which I hope will further improve costs.

[9:26 a.m.]

My friend can refer to the document. He
has some obligation not to just pick little bits and
pieces.

15 THE CHAIRMAN: Well, he is referring to
16 the lead sentence in schedule 1.

MR. B. CAMPBELL: Yes, and it is an attachment, Mr. Chairman, to a letter which explicitly deals with this question. I don't think it is fair when the witnesses are dealing with the amount of material involved in this hearing to simply -- to not put the quotes in context that are apparent.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, the deal I could understand was whether the analysis in schedules 2, 3 and 4 were consistent with the principle of minimizing

1	early capital expenditures. And I think Mr. Dalziel
2	has answered that.
3	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. I want to return to
4	attachment A, and we are now looking at the Executive
5	Summary, first page, small Roman numeral (i).
6	The first footnote at the bottom of the
7	page says:
8	Analysis has been conducted on the
9	economic benefit of a 10-year deferral.
10	However, there have been no attempts to
11	identify the optimal deferral period.
12	Is there other information now contained recognizing
13	that this was produced in October, has Hydro conducted
14	any studies to determine the optimal deferral period
15	for proposed resource additions?
16	MR. SNELSON: A. No.
17	Q. How do you do an analysis without and
18	how do you make decisions without considering that in
19	the context of the exercise you are engaged in?
20	A. Attachment A is the capital program
21	review which was conducted as part of the business
22	planning period business planning process.
23	The business plan analysis extends over
24	10 years, and for the purposes of business planning it
25	was sufficient to determine that a substantial

1	deferral, in this case a nominal deferral of 10 years,
2	is beneficial, and that was sufficient to remove those
3	expenditures from the 10-year business planning period.

Q. But you will note, Mr. Snelson, the footnote that refers to on that page deals with Little Jackfish, Patten Post and Lake Gibson, which have been deferred for a period of time.

What I asked you was a question relating to the resource additions Hydro is still proposing.

That would bring us to Mattagami. And my question in part relates to Mattagami, and you tell me -- I take it the answer is still true in relation to Mattagami as well although you answered it generally before that you haven't conducted a study to determine the optimal deferral period with respect to Mattagami; is that right?

A. We conducted a study of a deferral of a number of options, including Mattagami, which has been explained in this evidence, and the deferral of Mattagami was seen as of marginal benefit economically, and we felt that we were losing other advantages associated with that project, other benefits of the project, and so a decision was taken not to defer.

Q. I think we discussed the comparisons of the marginality of the benefit yesterday, as I

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1	recall; is that right?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Continuing with attachment A, can I
4	ask you to turn to page 7? We are looking at the
5	section dealing with flexibility at the top of the
6	page, and in the middle of that second paragraph you
7	talk about or you state that: It is arguable that
8	downward flexibility is more important than upward
9	flexibility in the current economic environment.
10	I would like you to explain to us, if you
11	could, Mr. Snelson, how the Mattagami complex fits into
12	a strategy concerning downward flexibility.
13	A. I don't think specifically proceeding
14	with the approvals for the Mattagami project
15	contributes to downward flexibility, but I do believe
16	that it provides upward flexibility without seriously
17	deteriorating down flexibility.
1.8	Q. I am going to wait to read that in
19	the transcript.
20	How did or how does Mattagami compare to
21	other resource options considered by Hydro in this
22	regard, in relation to this issue?
23	A. There are a great many other resource
24	options, and that would be a very lengthy and
25	open-ended answer. Perhaps you could be more specific

1 as to which resource options you want to compare to. 2 Just compare it to Niagara. 3 I believe in terms of its flexibility 4 characteristics it is fairly similar to Niagara. 5 THE CHAIRMAN: I didn't quite hear that. 6 MR. SNELSON: Ouite similar. 7 flexibility characteristics both upward and downward are relatively similar to the Niagara project. 8 9 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. We are still on 10 attachment A, gentlemen. 11 Now, at page 9 and just looking at the 12 first paragraph under the Summary heading on this page - we discussed this issue generally I think 13 14 yesterday although not this page in particular - you 15 say in the middle of that paragraph that the expected 16 capacity of the Niagara development has been reduced. I believe we had a brief discussion about 17 that yesterday in connection with schedule -- I believe 18 19 it was schedule or table A-1-2, if I recall correctly. 20 Can you just clarify how much the 21 capacity of the Niagara development has been reduced 22 and for what reasons? MR. SNELSON: A. I think the situation 23 24 with respect to the capacity at Niagara is

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substantially the same as it was when we discussed it

on Panel 6 and Panel 10.

The project approval is being sought for a project of up to 900 megawatts. There are proposals that could have two units or three units. A two-unit development would only be about 600 megawatts, a three-unit development would be 900 megawatts.

The option is being kept open to proceed with the 900 megawatt development, but the current situation is that the most likely development is about 600 megawatts. It is the two-unit development.

Q. Now, continuing with schedule A, could I now ask you to turn to the bottom of page 12, top of page 13.

Now, we talked a moment ago, and also I think yesterday afternoon, about the section dealing with implications of the Mattagami, and we have already talked about the four items - and I don't propose to back to them - that were discussed earlier respecting reduced levels of erosion, et cetera. However, this discussion goes on to talk about some other items that I would like some clarification from you in respect of.

Just looking at the bottom of page 12 there is a statement that begins:

Proceeding with this project is also consistent with government policy on

1	northern development and assuming receipt
2	of environmental approvals prior to
3	August, 1994 minimizes provincial
4	government exposure regarding its
5	indemnification.
6	Can you just clarify for us, Mr. Snelson,
7	if you are the appropriate person, how obtaining
8	environmental approvals leads to the result identified
9	at the bottom of page 12, top of page 13 in connection
0	with Mattagami?
1	A. I believe this has all been
2	previously discussed. It is part of the agreement
.3	between Ontario Hydro, the Government of Ontario, and
4	the Spruce Falls Power and Paper Company in
.5	Kapuskasing, which may have a new name because it was
.6	restructured as part of this agreement, which led to
.7	the acquisition of the Smokey Falls generating site
.8	from the Spruce Falls Power and Paper, and there isn't
.9	a clause in that agreement, I understand, that has that
0	effect.
21	Q. And the indemnification is some
22	considerable sum. I suggested a general number
23 .	yesterday. You weren't certain about the number, but
24	it is in the order of magnitude of hundreds of millions

of dollars; is that a fair statement?

1	A. It is a substantial sum of money, and
2	I believe it was in previous evidence and I don't have
3	the figure with me right now.
4	Q. And, Mr. Snelson, would you agree
5	that that is a site-specific factor as well?
6	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Well, just a minute,
7	Mr. Chairman. Haven't we been over all of this?
8	I mean, I don't want to be getting to my
9	feet all the time on this, but I seem to be the only
10	one who might care about it, and I certainly do care
11	about it.
12	If we go back through this whole case
13	piece by piece I think we are going to be here forever
14	with this panel. It looks to me like we might be in
15	any event. But in my submission
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, it is
17	MR. B. CAMPBELL: In my submission it is
18	inappropriate to go back over again and again material
19	that has been covered.
20	[9:40 a.m.]
21	We have now been over Niagara, the
22	difference in capacity on Niagara, a matter that was
23	fully discussed in Panel 6 and Panel 10.
24	We have now been through the arrangements

on Mattagami, a matter that was fully discuss in Panel

- 6, it was certainly discussed in Panel 10.
- 2 In my submission, the purpose of this
- 3 appearance is quite explicitly, as I understood it and
- 4 the basis on which I undertood to present this panel,
- 5 was explicitly to explain specific changes in some of
- 6 the information and the decisions that have been taken
- 7 over the fall. It was not to give an opportunity to go
- 8 back into redoing the case.

9 THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I don't disagree

- 10 with what you are saying. The problem is that when the
- 11 questions come up there has to be some foundation laid
- for them in order to get to the meaning of the
- 13 documents that we now have to consider. I guess we
- 14 have the answer now that there is nothing more to the
- 15 statement that appears in that sentence than the
- 16 arrangement that was made with the Kapuskasing company.
- 17 Now that's all we need to know. We can then go on to
- 18 something else.
- 19 But the sentence as it stands perhaps
- 20 needs that kind of clarification. I quite agree with
- 21 you, we shouldn't going into discuss why it's 900 or
- 22 600 at Niagara or what the terms and conditions of the
- 23 indemnification are. Those are in the evidence
- 24 already.
- 25 MR. CASTRILLI: Neither of those -- well,

I had already asked my questions with respect to the 1 capacity and that wasn't the question I asked when Mr. 2 Campbell objected. He objected to a question that I 3 think is entirely relevant that arises out of a 4 document we only were given in connection with Exhibit 5 6 796 and surely --THE CHAIRMAN: I think I have said that. 7 I think you are entitled to get the clarification. 8 9 There is nothing more to that sentence other than the Kapuskasing indemnification. 10 11 MR. CASTRILLI: Right. But the question that I asked which I don't have an answer to which was 12 13 objected to by Mr. Campbell was, is the question of the 14 indemnification a site-specific issue? 15 THE CHAIRMAN: The answer to that is you don't need Mr. Snelson's answer to that. 16 17 MR. CASTRILLI: All right, I will move on 18 then. 19 Q. Could I ask you to turn to attachment 20 H and we are looking at schedule 1, and we are looking 21 at the section of schedule 1 that deals with the Little 22 Jackfish down at the bottom of the page. And referring 23 to the Little Jackfish the statement is made that there maybe an opportunity for Ontario Hydro to obtain an 24 25 environmental approval with a 10-year shelf life with

1	minimal work by Hydro. Can you just clarify for me -
2	probably Mr. Snelson is the appropriate person - what
3	is being referred to there and how you expect to obtain
4	such an approval?
5	MR. SNELSON: A. What is being referred
6	to here, I understand, is the completion of the
7	site-specific environmental assessment for Little
8	Jackfish which was submitted some years ago, has been
9	under government review and is nearing completion, of
10	at least the government review phase, anyway.
11	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I am
12	essentially done with my cross-examination. I did,
13	however, file in December and early January three sets
14	of interrogatories with Ontario Hydro. Many of the
15	questions have actually been asked in cross-
16	examination. None of the interrogatories have been
17	responded to, and for the most part I don't have a
18	problem with that since I have the oral answers now.
19	There were, however, a number of
20	questions that were asked that requested documents
21	referred to in what is now Exhibit 796, and I have
22	discussed with my friend Mr. Campbell arrangements for
23	having those questions answered.
24	Normally I think we would probably simply

identify the interrogatory questions but I understand

1	they do not yet have numbers, and so I am simply
2	advising the Board at this time that my understanding
3	is that Mr. Campbell will make his best efforts to have
4	those questions answered where they relate to simple
5	requests for documents.
6	MR. B. CAMPBELL: That's correct, Mr.
7	Chairman, I have not had an opportunity, however, to
8	review those interrogatories. Some of them I just, in
9	fact, have seen. The letter that was dated January 4th
10	I just saw during the course of this morning's hearing,
11	so I am not familiar with the documents that have been
12	requested.
13	To the extent that there are any
14	difficulties, Mr. Castrilli and I have agreed that if
15	there are and they need to come back before you, that
16	that will be the way to deal with it. I am not giving
17	a blanket assurance that they will all be provided.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: I understand that.
19	Thank you, Mr. Castrilli
20	MR. CASTRILLI: Thank you, sir.
21	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Shepherd, are you
22	next?
23	MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, before I sit
24	down and start asking questions, Mr. Campbell and I
25	have been having a discussion about a category of

documents that we will be requesting he table, and that

is the minutes from the board meetings for September,

October, November and December.

As you can imagine, there are a number of key decisions that were made during those meetings and I think that you have already started to see some question as to whether everybody agrees on exactly what those decisions were. And so I thought the easiest thing to do was if the minutes were tabled, we will see what the decisions were exactly.

I understand from Mr. Campbell that he would like to restrict exactly what he files to stuff that's directly relevant to things here, and I don't have any problem with that, but he will comment on what he thinks is appropriate.

MR. D. POCH: Mr. Chairman, just before
Mr. Campbell speaks, so he can respond, I don't want to
sandwich him, I just should indicate to the Board, and
the Board would aware we had subpoena request in, in
which we asked Mr. Campbell to make available to us the
Secretary of the Board and general counsel,
specifically because of course we are interested in
understanding what was it that the board addressed,
Ontario Hydro's board addressed, what decisions were
actually taken, and so on. The Board will appreciate

1	how it is relevant to the position we are taking on the
2	motion.
3	So we haven't pressed for that subpoena
4	request at this time because in light of the events we
5	now have a Hydro panel. It's apparent that they are
6	not in position to answer all of the questions we might
7	have for the witnesses we are requesting subpoenas for.
8	In the hope of avoiding that, if Mr. Shepherd's request
9	is indeed accepted by Mr. Campbell I think that would
10	certainly minimize the need.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: I am not quite sure I
12	follow. I had understood that you request for the
13	subpoena was because of the memoranda that had been
14	filed in September and later and in October, as to
15	whether those were factually correct, and for the
16	purpose of use for the motion. And that having been
17	admitted, that the need for the request for the
18	subpoena was no longer an issue.
19	Is my understanding correct about that?
20	MR. D. POCH: Mr. Chairman, if those
21	documents were the evidence, we were content. That was
22	where we were at at the time we withdrew our request
23	for the subpoenas.

position yet until I have heard the evidence of this

All I am suggesting, and I can't take a

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1	panel, I am just concerned, as I expressed the concern
2	earlier on the report that this panel may in effect
3	muddy the record, if you will, suggesting different
4	interpretations of the memo or what it is the board may
5	or may not have dealt with. All I am suggesting is to
6	the extent that there is ambiguity, we would like that
7	to be clear.

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THE CHAIRMAN: How is this different from what went on Panels 1 to 10 where this issue came up from time to time and I thought that we had given rulings that the evidence, the position of Ontario Hydro is the evidence given at this hearing, and that the internal procedures, if you will, including directors' deliberations is not part of what Hydro is required to present. Now that was, in general, the position that was taken in Panel's 1 and 10.

MR. D. POCH: Mr. Chairman, I rise at this moment specifically with regard to the pending motion. I will address your question momentarily, but, first of all, have to put my answer in context.

I am simply rising to advise the Board that there may be some possibility that we would be asking for some, to the extent the record is muddied, that we would be asking for some further clarification for the purposes of the motion. I am simply suggesting

1	and I want to advise the my friend before he took a	
2	position, that that risk would be minimized if we have	ad
3	those documents.	

Now, I do believe there is a distinction between the appropriateness of us asking for Board positions, Hydro Board positions in the context of this motion and in the hearing in general.

I don't want to argue the motion at this point, Mr. Chairman, but our position is that, in essence, Hydro is currently making planning decisions which are not in accord with the evidence that it's own witnesses have taken.

some information on the record that leads us to suspect that or to take that position, that the corporation through its legal directors is not acting in accord with the sworn evidence, and I am not suggesting anybody is misleading this panel, I am just saying that if the situation has changed sufficiently so that they are no longer following the recipe that we heard evidence about, then I do believe that it is appropriate for that to be brought to this Hearing Panel's attention.

THE CHAIRMAN: I don't think that we can anticipate problems at the moment that haven't been

clarified and do not exist. 1

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If there are matters of a nature that are relevant to the motion that should be further dealt with, then the time to do that I think is in the context of the motion. I would hesitate now to make any pronouncements or consideration to those kinds of matters unless they are brought up in that context.

What we are dealing with now is the evidence that we have asked Hydro to bring forward, to update its Panel 10. They are doing that. If that creates problems in the motion then the time to deal with that I think is on the motion itself.

MR. D. POCH: That's fine, Mr. Chairman. With that distinction, in essence, it may not be ruled upon but noted by the Board, I can resign. Thank you.

MR. B. CAMPBELL: May I address this matter?

THE CHAIRMAN: I thought it had been disposed of, so I guess the answer to that is no. It has to be brought up later. This is Mr. Shepherd's concern. You certainly can address Mr. Shepherd's concern.

MR. B. CAMPBELL: I understand that, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Shepherd has indicated that we are prepared to provide certain materials which normally we

- would not be. I think in fairness, in light of the 1 rulings at the Board, I would like to hear some 2 explanation as to what has happened in this matter and 3 why we are prepared to deal with these minutes. 4 5 think you ought to have the context for this discussion. 6 THE CHAIRMAN: I effectively postponed 7 8 Mr. Poch's concern at least until the motion because my 9 mind isn't working in the motion context. MR. B. CAMPBELL: I am not discussing 10 11 this in the context of Mr. Poch's motion; I am 12 discussing this in the context of Mr. Shepherd's 13 request which was made of me yesterday with respect to board of directors' minutes. 14 15 [9:58 a.m.] THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I'm not sure I know 16 17 specifically what Mr. Shepherd's request was. 18 Shouldn't I know that first? 19 MR. B. CAMPBELL: Well, as I understand 20 it, Mr. Chairman, what happened - and I think you ought 21 to understand this - I was approached yesterday to 22 determine whether I would produce minutes for the board 23 of directors' meetings for September, October, November 24 and December.
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I should advise the Board that at the

1	same time a representative of IPPSO contacted my client
2	and requested December board minutes and that there has
3	been correspondence between Mr. Passmore and my client
4	suggesting that certain of the December, consequences
5	of the December decisions were in effect completely
6	inadvertent.

And, as I understand it, the reason for the request for the minutes is because, as it was stated to me yesterday, there is a suggestion that in dealing with these matters — and the suggestion has been made directly to my client by the IPPSO person who contacted my client — that in fact some of the evidence given yesterday, and I understand it to be in relation to the under 5 megawatt NUGs, was in some way misleading.

I don't understand how, but it is suggested to me presumably that the minutes will reveal that in some way this was misleading.

As I say, I don't understand how, my client doesn't understand how exactly, but the request for the minutes was in furtherance of a suggestion that was made to me and to my client directly by an IPPSO representative that there was some misunderstanding or misleading nature to the evidence.

It is only in that context, it is only in

1	that context that we have said we don't think so. I
2	think the minutes will show that, but, you know, there
3	are minutes for I'm not sure there is anything
4	relevant in November. There are minutes for September
5	and October. They have been approved.
6	Once the January board meeting is
7	complete there will be minutes approved. I cannot
8	undertake to give the December minutes now because they
9	wouldn't be approved until January.
.0	But it is only in the face of the
.1	suggestion that in some way the evidence here is
.2	inconsistent with the decision that was taken that I am
13	prepared to even consider producing that kind of
L 4	document. I do not believe that it is inconsistent,
1.5	but I think it is important that the Board have the
1.6	context of this, particularly given the fact that there
17	is a lot of what seems to be coming up in a lot of
18	different forums or at least the request seems to be
19	flowing to Ontario Hydro from a lot of different
20	directions from IPPSO, and we just want to put it to
21	bed.
22	THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry, Mr. Shepherd.
23	MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, I actually
24	only arose to advise you of what I understood to be an
25	agreement between myself and Mr. Campbell, which I

L	think he has described fairly. I think we are going t
2	have some discussions about the scope of what is
3	tabled, but I think in principle we are in agreement.

My concern, Mr. Chairman -- and this may arise again later in other contexts. My concern is, we have witnesses here who are testifying under oath the board of directors did this, the board of directors did that. To the best of my knowledge, none of these witnesses has been at a board of directors meeting and so has not, cannot testify from their own knowledge that these things happened, and therefore, all I am asking is that they show us the legal proof that these things happened. It is not a big deal.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I am most reluctant to get into this kind of an issue in this hearing in a general way. I think once you get into the inner workings of any corporation, particularly one of this size and magnitude, you get yourself into very much of a morass.

As far as I am concerned, the evidence and the position taken by Ontario Hydro was given by its witnesses who appear at this panel and by the documents which they file, and in general that would be the position.

There may be specific instances where - I

1	never close the door on anything - that that general
2	position may have to be qualified, but in general I
3	think in order to make some reasonable approach to what
4	we have to deal with here we have to take what the
5	witnesses say as the position of the proponent.
6	MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, having spent
7	a lot longer on that little thing than I anticipated I
8	am ready to start my cross-examination.
9	I advised Ms. Morrison yesterday that I
10	expected that I could be as long as 20 hours.
11	Obviously, I am hoping that I won't be 20 hours. If I
12	had to guess I would guess that I will finish sometime
13	on Tuesday, all other things being equal.
14	THE CHAIRMAN: You have very much in mind
15	the general nature of Mr. Campbell's position that he
16	has taken with both Mr. Rogers and Mr. Castrilli, that
17	we are really here only to deal with the 796 documents
18	and not with a return to issues that have already been
19	fully canvassed in other panels?
20	MR. SHEPHERD: I don't think Mr. Campbell
21	will have any problem with the scope of my
22	cross-examination.
23	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, that is fairly good
24	news.
25	MR. SHEPHERD: I am filing two pieces of

1	evidence, Mr. Chairman. The first prepared by IPPSO is
2	entitled "Graphs for IPPSO's Cross-Examination of
3	Ontario Hydro Witness Panel 11".
4	THE REGISTRAR: That will be 938.
5 6	EXHIBIT NO. 938: Document entitled "Graphs for IPPSO's Cross-Examination of Ontario Hydro Witness Panel 11".
7	MR. SHEPHERD: And the second is entitled
8	"Letter from Minister of Energy to IPPSO re Ontario
9	Hydro's Report on Business Planning and Capital Program
0	Review", dated December 15th, 1992.
1	THE REGISTRAR: That will be number 939.
2	EXHIBIT NO. 939: Document entitled "Letter from
3	Minister of Energy to IPPSO re Ontario Hydro's Report on Business Planning and Capital Program
4	Review", dated December 15th, 1992.
5	1392.
6	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Mr. Chairman, I take it
7	these are reserved numbers?
8	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. There have been some
.9	numbers reserved in the middle so that it will all
0	become clear when you get the list from the
1	We had to reserve some numbers because we
2	didn't know what was coming in, and we have done it as
!3	best we can.
4	MR. SHEPHERD: I'm sorry, Mr. Campbell,
!5	does that mean these should not be the exhibit numbers

1	for these exhibits?
2	MR. B. CAMPBELL: No, no. I was just
3	concerned because we popped over a thousand and I
4	didn't realize those numbers had been reserved.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: What numbers remain
6	unused?
7	THE REGISTRAR: 940. And then you
8	mentioned this morning 941 to 1017 had been used.
9	THE CHAIRMAN: So we have got one left,
10	940.
11	MR. GREENSPOON: Could you repeat those
12	numbers?
13	THE CHAIRMAN: IPPSO's exhibits are 938
14	and 939.
15	MR. GREENSPOON: In which order?
16	THE CHAIRMAN: In which order? The
17	graphs are 938 and the letter is 939.
18	MR. GREENSPOON: Thank you.
19	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SHEPHERD:
20	Q. Let me start with a question on
21	something you were just talking about with Mr.
22	Castrilli, and it raised a question in my mind. This
23	is on the first page of schedule 1 of attachment H.
24	You were talking about Little Jackfish and the 10-year
25	approval, having a 10-year approval in your pocket,

Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)

1	that issue. You know what I am talking about there?
2	MR. SNELSON: A. I recall Mr.
3	Castrilli's question on the last paragraph of that
4	page.
5	Q. The second last line of that says
6	we are talking about how much can branches put in your
7	budget, and it says:
8	This allowance should not include the
9	cost of a full EA hearing or intervenor
.0	funding.
.1	Do I assume from that and from your
.2	answer that your expectation is that once you have a
.3	requirement and rationale approval from this Board that
.4	there will be no further hearing on Little Jackfish?
.5	A. No, I don't believe that is the
.6	assumption. This is a direction to the branches not to
.7	include expenses for a site-specific hearing on Little
.8	Jackfish in their budgets.
.9	Q. Why?
20	A. I don't think it is any more than
21	that.
22	Q. Why not include the expenses?
23	A. I don't know the specifics, but it
24	could have been with respect to whether I don't know

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the specifics, I'm sorry.

1	Q. What does it mean to have an
2	opportunity to obtain an EA approval with minimal work?
3	Does that mean no hearing?
4	A. I have some briefing notes on the
5	status of the Little Jackfish hearing. If you will
6	just give me a minute I will
7	I believe the government review of Little
8	Jackfish was released to the public on October 1st last
9	year and that the reference to 10-year banking is
10	somehow associated with the proposed terms and
11	conditions of approval that were associated with that,
12	and that the 90-day public review period would have
13	concluded yesterday. Beyond that, I'm afraid don't
14	have any more information.
15	Q. Well, then, I wonder if could you
16	undertake to advise us why Hydro feels it is not
17	appropriate to include the cost of a full EA hearing or
18	intervenor funding, notwithstanding the expectation
19	that you will be able to obtain an EA approval?
20	MR. B. CAMPBELL: If it assists my friend
21	I think I can deal with that right now.
22	MR. SHEPHERD: Okay.
23	MR. B. CAMPBELL: When a government
24	review is published there is a decision to be made
25	under the Environmental Assessment Act as to whether a

1	hearing is required, and there have been a series of
2	terms and conditions, as I understand it, possible
3	terms and conditions discussed in the government
4	review.
5	Ontario Hydro, believe it or not, does
6	not view the conduct of hearings as an inevitable part
7	of its business, and I think there is some hope in this
8	case that appropriate terms and conditions can be
9	worked out such that a hearing may not be required.
10	I think it is no more complicated than

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for a hearing.

MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Coming back on this then to you, Mr. Snelson, if what your counsel describes comes about - that is, there is no hearing on the site-specific aspects of Little Jackfish - am I correct in understanding that if you get the approval sought in this hearing, 1,400 to 1,800 megawatts of hydraulic, that there is then no further public consultation process prior to the building of that project?

There is no statutory requirement necessarily

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legal opinion as to whether there will be other public

legal question there as to whether we have all the

approvals that we need, and I wouldn't wish to give

MR. SNELSON: A. I think there is a

- 1 consultation processes.
- Then, public consultation and discussion
- 3 with people who are involved in a project is an ongoing
- 4 part of our conduct of projects. It is not only
- associated with formal hearings. And so I couldn't say
- 6 that there would be no further consultation with the
- 7 public.
- Q. Fair enough. Who do I ask about Kidd
- 9 Creek?
- MR. B. CAMPBELL: Kidd Creek?
- 11 MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Kidd Creek, the
- 12 Falconbridge -- biggest user in the province?
- 13 MR. BURKE: A. Depends what you want to
- 14 ask about.
- 15 O. Mr. Burke, I'm sure you will be aware
- that you were in the Globe and Mail this morning, first
- page above the fold, talking about electricity rates.
- That's not what I want to ask about, however.
- 19 It is also reported there, and I think it
- 20 has been reported elsewhere, that Falconbridge, the
- 21 largest industrial user of electricity in the Province
- of Ontario, has a plan that they expect to approve in
- 23 the next 90 days to cogenerate at their Kidd Creek
- 24 facility; is that correct?
- A. I'm not the person to ask about that

1 sort of decision-making at Falconbridge. 2 O. Who is? 3 MR. B. CAMPBELL: Presumably Falconbridge is. 4 5 MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Let me ask a different 6 question. This would be if they got rid of most of 7 their load, this would be 700 megawatts; right? Big 8 customer. 9 MR. BURKE: A. Of that order. 10 Q. It would make a big difference to 11 your load forecast, your primary load forecast? 12 A. There are lots of things that could 13 make a difference to the primary load forecast. None 14 of these issues would be resolved in the very short 15 term; especially any cogeneration project would take several years to come on stream. It is one of the many 16 risks associated with the forecast. 17 18 Q. You did a forecast of natural NUGs, 19 didn't you? A. Yes, there is a forecast of natural 20 21 NUGs in this attachment C of Exhibit 796. 22 Q. To what extent did that forecast of natural NUGs include major industrial users displacing 23 a significant portion of their load? 24

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A. The forecast of natural NUGs that is

,1	in the document is in fact only looking at
2	industrial non-utility generation, and in preparing the
3	forecast econometrically, as is described there, we
4	discussed the results we were getting for the first few
5	years of the forecast period with the NUGs division to
6	see whether the sort of orders of magnitudes of numbers
7	that we were getting corresponded to the kinds of
8	orders of magnitudes they were seeing from their
9	knowledge of the marketplace and what was going on
10	within industrial customers, what projects were being
11	contemplated, and so on.
12	One of the reasons we stuck with a
13	particular scenario at least for the first five or 10
14	years that we have here is that they seemed to think
15	that the numbers we were coming up with were what they
16	understood to be consistent with the plans they were
17	aware of in the industrial sector in Ontario.
18	Q. Is anybody on this witness panel
19	familiar with the discussions between Hydro and
20	Falconbridge about Kidd Creek?
21	MR. SNELSON: A. I am not, and I doubt
22	that any other members of the panel are.
23	Q. I am just looking for a reference

Mr. Castrilli there was a discussion about Falconbridge

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Yesterday I believe under cross-examination by

1 and Kidd Creek in the context of -- here it is, page 87 2 of attachment C. Sorry, I didn't realize we would have 3 this much difficulty with this point. I thought it was 4 fairly straightforward. 5 So now here at the bottom of page 87 --6 now, this is your report, right, Mr. Burke? 7 MR. BURKE: A. Yes. 8 Q. The paragraph near the bottom says: 9 In our forecast continued operation 10 at Kidd Creek... 11 that is the same Kidd Creek we are talking about, 12 presumably. That's Falconbridge; correct? 13 A. Yes. ...is assumed with zinc accounting 14 0. 15 for 12 per cent of this sector's load. And then you go to the bottom of that paragraph. It 16 17 says: 18 The possibility exists of shifting 19 the highly electric-intensive electrolytic smelter load to 20 Falconbridge's Quebec smelters if Hydro 21 22 rates remain lower there. Well, obviously another possibility is they just 23 24 generate it themselves; right? 25 A. It's another possibility, I suppose.

	or en (shephere)
1	Q. Obviously, this is an important
2	enough issue that you put a whole paragraph about it in
3	your end-use report. What is the impact? How many
4	megawatts are we talking about here?
5	A. The load of our individual customers
6	is not public information.
7	You can talk to them. If they would like
8	to tell you what their load, you know, on Ontario Hydro
9	is, that's fine. But the information they provide us
10	about their load and their expected loads is
11	confidential between us and our customers.
12	MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, I object to
13	the answer by the witness. They put the customers'
14	name in their report. They specifically said it was an
15	important enough issue to put it in here. I think they
16	have got to tell us what that means.
17	[10:20 a.m.]
18	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Mr. Chairman, we are
19	not prepared to and I would object to providing
20	detailed customer information.
21	In my submission, the information that is
22	in the report gives enough sense of the amount of load
23	involved, that it is fully adequate for any purposes
24	that this Board might require that information for.
25	I might remind the Board that this matter

1 has come up before, there have been requests for 2 specific customer information and the Board has 3 consistently ruled that we are not required to produce 4 that. It has come up before, when I say they have come 5 up before, they came up before from Mr. Shepherd. 6 We are not prepared to do that and in my 7 submission the Board should, given that it has, in my submission, sufficient general information for its 8 9 legitimate purposes, it should maintain the view that 10 it took in earlier rulings. 11 MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, I think I 12 can solve this problem fairly easily. 13 Q. The first sentence of this paragraph, 14 Mr. Burke --THE CHAIRMAN: Am I right that this is 15 16 all in the context of not electricity generation but in the general productivity of these various industries; 17 is that what this section is about? 18 MR. BURKE: No, this section is about the 19 20 industrial load of our customers. It's actually not 21 necessarily about the load on Ontario Hydro. It is 22 about the load of our customers. It is the forecast of the industrial demand for electricity in Ontario. 23

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non-utility generation load displacement, non-utility

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We later determined the amount of

1	generation; in other words, of that load that is not
2	met by Ontario Hydro.
3	So at this stage we are not concerned
4	with whose supplies the power only what the demand for
5	electricity will be.
6	THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry, I interrupted you,
7	Mr. Shepherd.
8	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Mr. Burke, in the
9	first sentence of that paragraph we are talking about,
10	it refers to this sector's load. This sector it
11	mining, milling, smelting and refining; correct?
1.2	MR. BURKE: A. Yes.
13	Q. What is the load in that sector?
14	A. I think you will find it on page 84.
15	Q. Good.
16	A. Table 3.3.2. Mining, milling
1.7	smelting 1989 load is given there as 6,500
18	gigawatthours, 6.5 terawatthours.
19	Q. Give us a rough conversion to
20	capacity so we can use terms that we are familiar with.
21	A. Well, I hesitate to do that.
22	Typically industries would have in excess of an 80 per
23	cent load factor.

talking about 1,000, 1,100 megawatts, something like

Q. Have I got my decimal right, we are

24

1 that?

2	I	am	just	trying	to	get	orders	of

3 magnitude here.

A. Something under 1,000 megawatts.

5 Between 900 and 1,000, I would guess.

Q. Good. Okay. Now, this whole
exhibit, Mr. Snelson - coming back to you for a while this whole exhibit here, 796, with all the attachments,
am I right, that's really a package of several things
that aren't really fully integrated to each other;
right? There is a bit of circularity there in the
sense that some things include numbers from other
things, and then feedback into other things, and they
are not really internally consistent; is that correct?

MR. SNELSON: A. I see circularity and internal consistency as being different issues.

Q. Internal consistency is what I am asking about.

A. They are not 100 per cent internally consistent because there are a number of documents which were prepared over a period of time as the situation evolved. So some of the documents are the statement of a position, say, as it was in September, and then subsequent events have changed those. So there are a number of different vintages, I think would

1	be the correct expression, of information in those
2	documents.
3	Q. To the extent that information in the
4	documents depends on information in other documents,
5	often the figures you are providing us for things are
6	based on outdated information, right? For example, the
7	system incremental costs are based on outdated capital
8	plans and outdated load forecast, things like that;
9	right?
. 0	A. Each document has been prepared at
.1	the time it was prepared with the best information
.2	available at that time. Due to the passage of time and
L3	due do the length of time it takes to produce
1.4	information, then yes, some of the information by the
L5	time it is produced or by the time it has been
L6	submitted here, that there may have been some changes
L.7	that would not be accounted for in that document.
18	Q. Oh, yes. I am not suggesting you did
1.9	anything wrong, Mr. Snelson. I think what you have
20	done over the last three or four months is incredible.
21	But it is true that it doesn't all hang
22	together and show a seamless plan; does it?
23	A. I have discussed the fact that there
24	are different vintages of information.

Q. Are you at some point over the next

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1 little while going to try to put them into a consistent 2 set of data? 3 I think we have always been in the Α. 4 situation of changing information and that we expect 5 that to continue. I don't think that you can 6 necessarily assume that things will stay steady enough 7 at any one time of point in time, that you can produce 8 a completely seamless fully consistent set of 9 information using the latest numbers. 10 In December you made an announcement, 11 you, Ontario Hydro, made an announcement, freezing all 12 non-utility generation existing and future; right? 13 Generally, yes. Α. 14 In general, the data in this report 15 in 796, in the attachments, the data now, SICS and 16 things like that, does not reflect that at all, does 17 it? That's correct. 18 A. 19 And you haven't said anywhere here, 0. you haven't described your decision to reverse your 20 21 policy favouring under 5 megawatt NUGs, have you. wouldn't find that anywhere in this document. 22 I have not described a reversal in 23 Α. 24 policy with respect to under 5 megawatt NUGs except

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that my understanding is that under 5 megawatt NUGs are

1	included in the hold that is placed in the December
2	board meeting.
3	Q. Okay.
4	This raises the first, Mr. Chairman, of
5	the board of directors' issues that is of concern to
6	me, and I will just put the question to Mr. Snelson
7	and, I expect he won't be able to answer but I will put
8	it to him anyway and see what happens.
9	Is it correct, Mr. Snelson, that the
10	Hydro board of directors did not in fact specifically
11	discuss changing the under 5 megawatt policy and that
12	in fact it did not put its mind or deal with in any way
13	whether under 5 megawatt NUGs would be frozen; is that
14	correct?
15	A. I was not at the board meeting and so
16	I cannot comment on the specifics of what was discussed
17	and what was not.
18	Q. Okay. Just a little side question
19	here. If you will turn to yesterday's transcript, page
20	30430. If you look at line 6, you are talking about
21	projects, the NUG projects you put on hold, and you
22	said it's the projects that don't have full approval.
23	You made clear that you are dealing with both over 5
24	megawatts and under 5 megawatts, and you say:

"Full approval would constitute going

1	right through to having an Order in
2	Council."
3	Now it is true, isn't it, that in orders
4	in council are only for over 5 megawatts projects;
5	right?
6	THE CHAIRMAN: I'm sorry?
7	MR. SHEPHERD: Over 5 megawatt projects.
8	MR. SNELSON: I don't the answer to that
9	question. I'm sorry.
10	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. This was you talking
11	here, wasn't it?
12	MR. SNELSON: A. It was me talking and I
13	can tell you the number of projects that are currently
14	considered to be on hold by our non-utility generation
15 .	division.
16	Q. No, that's not what I am after. You
17	already said that.
18	A. That includes under 5 megawatt
19	projects.
20	Q. Okay. I guess my question, what I am
21	trying to find out is, do you have some new rule that
22	says that under 5 megawatt projects must have an Order
23	in Council to be approved?
24	A. And the definition as to which
25	_projects need Order in Gouncil and which do not are

	cr ex (Shepherd)
1	something which I am afraid I don't know.
2	Q. Will you undertake to answer that
3	question?
4	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Well, the simple
5	question is, has it been the practice that under 5
6	megawatt projects require Order in Council approval?
7	MR. SHEPHERD: Yes, is that currently the
8	case.
9	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Yes, we can find an
10	answer to that.
11	MR. SHEPHERD: Okay. I need a number.
12	THE CHAIRMAN: We need an undertaking
13	series. Make is 940.
14	THE REGISTRAR: 940.1.
15	UNDERTAKING NO. 940.1: Ontario Hydro undertakes to
16	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order
	provide whether it been the practice that
16	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order
16 17	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval.
16 17 18	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval. MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Let me just jump
16 17 18	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval. MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Let me just jump around here a little bit. I couldn't find anything in
16 17 18 19	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval. MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Let me just jump around here a little bit. I couldn't find anything in here at all about Darlington. Can you update us on the
16 17 18 19 20	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval. MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Let me just jump around here a little bit. I couldn't find anything in here at all about Darlington. Can you update us on the status of Darlington? Last time we heard we didn't
16 17 18 19 20 21	provide whether it been the practice that under 5 megawatt projects require Order in Council approval. MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Let me just jump around here a little bit. I couldn't find anything in here at all about Darlington. Can you update us on the status of Darlington? Last time we heard we didn't know what was going to happen. Do you know now?

l situation.

2	MR. SNELSON: A. I believe they are well
3	on their way to being solved. Units have been brought
4	back into operation with the change in the impellers in
5	the pumps, and that the expectation is that the units
6	will come into service over the next short while.

I haven't got the precise figures with me, but my understanding is that essentially two units are operating and one unit is in the course of fairly advanced commissioning.

Q. And the operating units presumably then have there full AECB certification? They don't have that sort of, you know, temporary certification that AECB sometimes gives when things are being worked out? They have the full certification?

A. I am not familiar with the details of the certification of Darlington.

Q. Your current expectation is that before the end of 1993 all four units of Darlington will be operating at full capacity?

A. We are confident by '93 we are planning on three units being fully in-service, and we are not quite sure about the in-service date of the fourth. In terms of long-term planning we are relying on all four units, but these dates do shift around a

	cr ex (Shepherd)
1	little.
2	Q. Well, in all these load and capacity
3	balance things in here, how many Darlington units are
4	working in '93 and how many are working in '94? This
5	is 4,000 megawatts we are talking about, so you must
6	know what the numbers are in your own data.
7	MR. DALZIEL: A. The illustrative plan
8	that is described in attachment J of Exhibit 796 is
9	assuming that all four units of Darlington will be
10	in-service for 1994.
11	Q. So winter peak 1994 which is in
12	January, you are running all four units?
13	A. January 1994.
14	Q. You are running all four units then?
15	A. All four units are able.
16	Q. So by the end of 1993 we have got all
17	four in; is that fair?
18	A. Yes.

Actually, before I do that, Mr. Chairman,

I have a lot of small topics here before I get to the

major ones. When would you like to take the break?

THE CHAIRMAN: Around quarter to.

MR. SHEPHERD: Fair enough.

about schedule G.

19

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Q. Let me just ask you a quick question

1	Q. So schedule G, that's the analysis of
2	the ranking of the surplus management options; correct?
3	MR. DALZIEL: A. Yes, it is.
4	Q. And that used the March 1992 system
5	incremental costs?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. How far along are you in updating
8	that analysis to reflect the vastly different November
9	1992 system incremental costs?
.0	THE CHAIRMAN: Did you say vastly
.1	different?
.2	MR. SHEPHERD: Vastly different.
.3	THE CHAIRMAN: There is an
. 4	editorialzation in that.
.5	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. You may ignore vastly
.6	different in the question.
.7	MR. DALZIEL: A. I am not aware of how
.8	far along we are in redoing this evaluation.
.9	Q. You are doing it, presumably.
20	A. Well I don't even know if we are
21	doing it. I don't know if we have started it at this
22	point.
23	Q. Let me just make sure I absolutely
24	understand. You are going to do it and you may have
25	started, but you are not sure or you don't even know

Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)

1	whether you are going to do it?
2	A. If it is under way, I do not know
3	that it is under way. And in addition to that, I don't
4	know when we would start to this.
5	Q. Has a decision been made
6	A. So the answer to has our decision
7	been made to start this, as far as I know there has
8	been no decision to redo this.
9	Q. Okay.
10	THE CHAIRMAN: But you plan to do it
11	sometime, I assume, you have been doing it fairly
12	regularly over the years; is that not right?
13	MR. DALZIEL: No.
14	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Which analysis are we
15	talking about?
16	MR. SHEPHERD: Surplus ranking.
17	THE CHAIRMAN: I thought it was the SIC
18	analysis. I hope I'm
19	MR. SHEPHERD: No.
20	MR. B. CAMPBELL: No, it's not.
21	THE CHAIRMAN: It's not. I'm sorry.
22	MR. B. CAMPBELL: I think it is this
23	economic ranking, and I think Mr. Dalziel has already
24	indicated that he is not aware of there being any
25	decision to redo it.

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1	THE CHAIRMAN: I am sorry, I
2	misunderstood the line of questioning.
3	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Okay. Then, Mr.
4	Dalziel, could you turn to page 2 of that schedule.
5	This is schedule G we are looking at here. And it
6	makes clear in that first full paragraph there that
7	this isn't really the right way to do this analysis;
8	this is sort of a quick back-of-the-envelope way to do
9	it; right? It's not a bad way but it's not a good
.0	disciplined way of doing this sort of analysis;
.1	correct? Is that a fair analysis of what that's saying
.2	right there?
.3	MR. DALZIEL: A. I think what it is
.4	saying is that it is a reasonably quick and efficient
1.5	method of coming up with an economic ranking of options
16	for managing the surplus. There may be better ways,
L7	there may be more thorough ways of doing that, and
18	there are, but they wouldn't be as quick or as
19	efficient.
20	Q. It does say that the estimate of an
21	option's benefit will not be precise; right?
22	A. Yes, it says that.
23	Q. And you do have rules that say that
24	you don't do analysis of big options, hundreds of
25	megawatts, using system incremental costs but that's

1	exactly what you did here; right?
2	A. Generally we have acknowledged that
3	the use of SICS for large capacity changes, they are
4	not generally appropriate for doing that. Yet we did
5	use the SICS, fully recognizing that, and that is what
6	we have acknowledged in this paragraph.
7	Q. And the reason why you don't use SICS
8	for that is because they don't produce reliable
9	results; right?
1.0	A. The results may or may not be
1.1	reliable. I think generally we acknowledge that when
1.2	you come to large capacity changes, there are better
13	ways of doing the analysis with more confidence than
1.4	relying on the SICS.
15	Q. Okay. And in fact, the better way is
16	production simulations; right? That's the normal way
17	you do hundreds of megawatt options; correct?
18	A. For a significant capacity change,
19	yes.
20	Q. Well, you have got 1,000 megawatts
21	here, 750 megawatts there, those are big enough to do a
22	production simulation normally; right?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. But you didn't do any?
25	A. That's right.

1	Q. The point of this study, as I
2	understand this, is to rank the options, not get
3	numbers; right? The numbers themselves you are not so
4	happy with but the ranking you are pretty happy with;
5	correct?
6	[10:40 a.m.]
7	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes, I believe I said
8	that in my direct evidence.
9	Q. Now, given the fact that you have
.0	used this sort of and I don't mean this in a
.1	pejorative way, but this shortcut, you only had so much
.2	time to get to this ranking, I presume that before you
.3	actually implement any of these billion dollar
.4	decisions you do the proper analysis; right?
.5	A. We considered that the analysis that
.6	we did was adequate for the decisions that were taken.
17	Q. So you then didn't do any more
18	analysis of these major decisions except what we have
19	seen right here; is that correct?
20	THE CHAIRMAN: By 'right here' you are
21	confining yourself to attachment G?
22	MR. SHEPHERD: No, Exhibit 796 and
23	attachments.
24	MR. SNELSON: Well, there are many facets
25	that are covered in here. There are things that are

1	subject to ongoing analysis. For instance, I have
2	discussed the fact that we are examining the
3	transmission implications of the new load forecast that
4	is part of Exhibit 796.
5	But at this point in time what we have in
6	Exhibit 796 is the most up-to-date analysis that we
7	could include for the benefit of this Board.
8	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Okay. So when you
9	cancelled the Manitoba contract, that is 1,000
10	megawatts, that is however many billion dollars of
11	dollars we argued about earlier and that is not even
12	in schedule G; right? Cancelling Manitoba isn't even
13	in here anywhere? Was there some sort of analysis on
14	whether it was a good idea to cancel it or did you just
15	do it?
16	MR. SNELSON: A. There was some
17	analysis.
18	Q. And do we have it?
19	A. You do not have the analysis that
20	preceded the December board memo.
21	Q. Can we have it?
22	MR. B. CAMPBELL: No, Mr. Chairman, we
23	are not prepared to produce that analysis.
24 .	We are in the course of going through a
25	process of terminating the Manitoba contract. Notice

1 of termination has been given. There are provisions in 2 the contract as to how payments to be made are to be 3 calculated, and we are not prepared to produce the work 4 that deals -- which in effect is the very work that Mr. 5 Shepherd is talking about. We are not prepared to produce it at this 6 7 time because it has the potential to jeopardize the 8 discussions that need to take place with Manitoba Hydro as to the amount of the termination payment, which is 9 10 quite substantial. In my submission, notice of termination 11 12 having been given that resource is no longer available 13 in the demand/supply balance, and in any event apart 14 entirely from confidentiality reasons, commercial confidentiality reasons we would take the position that 15 in any event that option not being available, notice of 16 17 termination having been given, its merits or demerits 18 on any economic basis are entirely irrelevant at this 19 point in any event. MR. SHEPHERD: So do I understand Mr. 20 Campbell to be saying that --21 Just a minute. 22 THE CHAIRMAN: 23 MR. SHEPHERD: Sorry. 24 THE CHAIRMAN: Go ahead.

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MR. SHEPHERD: -- once Hydro has decided

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- that they are not interested in the Manitoba contract 1 anymore that subject is off the table, we can't raise 2 it again? 3
- THE CHAIRMAN: I don't think he said 4 5 I think he confined it, as I understood, to the confidential nature of what was presented to the board 6 which led to the cancellation. 7

I guess my question to you is, why do you 8 need this information in order to present your case? 9

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MR. SHEPHERD: Well, I quess there are a couple of reasons, Mr. Chairman.

I don't have a concern too much about the confidentiality question, and if it means that we can't see this until April or May or June whatever, fair is fair, you know. We don't want to make them have to pay 250 million instead of 150 million. Bad enough as it is.

But I think that it would be very useful to this Board if what this board found in May or June was that they had made a 13 or 15 or whatever billion dollars decision with a one-page analysis that had no rigour and no research at all. Then, when they ask you, trust us, we want an approval for Little Jackfish and we want to be able to do it whenever we feel like, you might say, well, no, we are not so sure that we

1 want to give you an approval with a long shelf life, 2 thanks very much. You don't seem to do a very good 3 analysis of these things. THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I think there is a 4 5 statement that first of all, the proposal made by Manitoba Hydro is on the record and the fact that that 6 7 proposal was not acceptable to Ontario Hydro. That 8 gives one bracket, if you will. 9 MR. SHEPHERD: Yes. THE CHAIRMAN: We do know that there was 10 11 some analysis good, bad or indifferent that was 12 presented to the Board, and I think we will have to at 13 this time at least leave it at that. 14 MR. SHEPHERD: Fair enough, Mr. Chairman. 15 Just one other question. THE CHAIRMAN: Could we take the break? 16 MR. SHEPHERD: Yes, okay. 17 18 THE CHAIRMAN: There is a commitment so 19 if we could just stop right on and then we can come back at eleven o'clock. 20 21 THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order. 22 This hearing will recess for 15 minutes. ---Recess at 10:45 a.m. 23 ---On resuming at 11:03 a.m. 24

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THE CHAIRMAN: Please be seated.

1	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Still looking at the
2	economic analysis related to your various decisions,
3	surplus management decisions, Mr. Snelson, you are
4	mothballing four units of Lakeview in 1993, now you
5	didn't actually do that analysis in this report either,
6	did you? You didn't do an analysis of what would
7	happen if in 1993 you mothballed four units of
8	Lakeview, did you?
9	MR. SNELSON: A. I'm sorry, which
10	particular document is it you say that doesn't consider
11	it?
12	Q. You are welcome to find it anywhere
13	in this package, but my understanding is attachment G
14	is your analysis of surplus management options, and I
15	didn't see 'close Lakeview in 1993' anywhere in there.
16	MR. DALZIEL: A. The assessment of the
17	retirement of four units at Lakeview assumes that they
18	would be retired
19	Q. Page 8, Mr. Dalziel.
20	A. Yes, it is on page 8. It is
21	described in that paragraph, retired as of January,
22	1997.
23	Q. So you didn't do the 1993 analysis?
24	A. No, that's correct.
25	Q. Given the differences to incremental

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	* * * *
1	cost presumably it would produce a different number;
2	right? Has to, doesn't it?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. But somebody suggested to your board
5	of directors close them anyway. On what basis did you
6	make that recommendation?
7	MR. SNELSON: A. The analysis that is in
8	attachment G is intended to put surplus management
9	options on to a comparable basis for assessing a number
10	of options.
11	There are also other analyses that are
12	done within the Corporation. For instance, the Power
13	System Operations division has to deal with what will
14	happen in next few years, and they would have had to
15	consider whether an early closure of Lakeview units was
16	acceptable to them or not.
17	Q. It is 1,140 megawatts; right? Four
18	units is 1,140 megawatts?
19	A. Approximately, yes.
20	Q. And it is accepted that the number
21	you get out of the 1997 closure analysis isn't the same
22	number as you would get if you did it for 1993;
23	correct? Mr. Dalziel has just said that.
24	MR. DALZIEL: A. That's correct.

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Q. Okay.

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1	A. And the analysis that is described in
2	attachment G, the purpose of that analysis is to
3	determine an economic order, an economic ranking of the
4	surplus management options.
5	Q. But the option you analyzed is the
6	one you did, is it?
7	A. At the end of the day. Not those
8	particular dates, no. In other words, the decision was
9	not to retire Lakeview units in 1997 as is the starting
10	point in the analysis.
11	The reason 1997 is used as often as
12	possible in the analysis is to try and put all of the
13	options that are being deferred within a comparable
14	time frame so that the SICs that are being used are
15	generally the same and that the analysis is then
16	generally consistent for achieving the purpose of
17	putting an economic order on the ranking.
18	Q. In fact, somewhere in here you say
19	that doing that standardized sort of analysis doesn't
20	help you optimize any individual decision; right? You
21	still have to optimize in each case?
22	A. That's right. It is not looking at
23	the optimal timing for any particular deferral or
24	mothballing decision. It is simply saying on as

consistent a basis as possible, and using 1997 as_a

- start date where it is reasonable to do so, what would
 be the economic order of the mothballing or deferring
 options. That is what attachment G accomplishes.
- Q. So then, I assume that between doing
 this analysis of close four units of Lakeview in 1997
 and making a determination to do it in 1993, that is
 that process of optimizing the timing; right? You must
 have done some sort of analysis of that to get to 1993;
 right?
- A. I can't add to the type of analysis
 that Mr. Snelson described a few moments ago.
- MR. SNELSON: A. I think the determining factor of the timing of Lakeview mothballing is more a question of the load and capacity situation.

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Having recognized that from an economic point of view Lakeview mothballing is probably -- or Lakeview early retirement or mothballing is the preferred option from among the existing system options, and having accepted that that is probably an option that will be pursued, the precise timing of it is as soon as it can be accommodated and as soon as it is needed from a load and capacity point of view.

So if you have capacity -- if you decided to do it and you had the surplus capacity that will enable you to do it in '93 you would do it in '93. It

- is a very simple matter.
- Q. Mr. Snelson, you mentioned that Power
- 3 Systems Operations would have had to do some sort of
- 4 analysis. Is that a cost/benefit analysis? Would they
- 5 have done a cost/benefit analysis of some sort?
- 6 A. I think that the analysis that would
- 7 have contributed to this particularly would have been
- 8 their consistent energy set type of analysis and their
- 9 short-term planning types of analysis as to whether in
- 10 fact they have sufficient capacity for '93 and '94 and
- ll so on.
- 12 So they do at times do economic analysis,
- but I don't think this would be necessarily primarily
- an economic decision. It is more likely to be a
- 15 capacity decision.
- Q. This shouldn't be as difficult as it
- is, and maybe I will just ask a very simple question
- and we will see where we are.
- You made a decision to shut down 1,140
- 20 megawatts in 1993. Anywhere in the organization did
- 21 you do a cost/benefit analysis of that decision? It is
- 22 a yes/no question. Either there is one or there isn't
- 23 one.
- MR. B. CAMPBELL: I'm sorry, Mr.
- 25 Chairman --

1 THE CHAIRMAN: I think they can answer as 2 they see fit. 3 MR. SHEPHERD: Fair enough. 4 MR. SNELSON: I think the analysis that 5 we know of you have the major elements in front of you. 6 There is the economic ranking of deferral 7 options. There is the analysis that is in the 8 attachments to the board memoranda of September and 9 October, which describes, I believe attached to the 10 September board memo there is a scenario which has a 11 number of actions taken, and there would have been 12 estimates made of the OM&A savings to the board on how much money they are going to save, and so on. But in 13 terms of a formal cost/benefit analysis I don't know of 14 15 one. MR. SHEPHERD: O. When staff asks the 16 17 board of directors to make major decisions typically you do a memorandum, like a recommendation memorandum; 18 right? We have seen a number of those filed in this 19 20 hearing. 21 MR. SNELSON: A. Yes, it is normal to 22 have a board memorandum requesting a decision, and then the board considers it and makes the decision as it 23

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Q. Other than what we have seen here was

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sees fit.

	Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)
1	such a memorandum prepared for the closure of four
2	units of Lakeview?
3	A. Not to my knowledge.
4	Let me just be a bit more specific there
5	The decisions in October which related to the closing
6	of two units at Lakeview, yes, there was a board
7	memorandum, and it is attachment A here.
8	Q. That we have seen. Yes, of course.
9	A. The further decision in December with
10	respect to the second pair of units I certainly I am
11	not aware of a board memorandum on that.
12	Q. Well, I sense I am getting into a
13	very delicate area, but let me take a crack at this
14	anyway. To your knowledge, did well, let me put it
15	another way.
16	The October decision to close two units,
17	that was a decision that management went to the board
18	and said, we are asking you to make this decision, we
19	are recommending that you do it; correct?
20	THE CHAIRMAN: I think we are getting

into an area here that I don't think we should be getting into. We have been through this many, many, many times. What goes on between the management and the board I don't think this Panel is particularly interested in.

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1	MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, my view and
2	I will make it my submission, I guess, is that
3	THE CHAIRMAN: I mean, haven't we dealt
4	with this many, many, many times in the hearing before,
5	today?
6	MR. SHEPHERD: As I read Mr. Snelson's
7	evidence, and maybe I am just misunderstanding it and
8	that is why I am pursuing it, it sounds like the
9	Ontario Hydro board of directors with no information
.0	before it, no analysis before it, and
.1	THE CHAIRMAN: That is not his evidence.
.2	His evidence is what information there was before,
.3	whether that was sufficient or not is a matter for
. 4	argument, but he's told you what they had, and what we
.5	have, what is here.
16	MR. SHEPHERD: I had not yet finished my
17	point, which is that with no information before it
18	other than what it had already seen in October when it
19	had already made its decision, and with no requests
20	from management before it, which is what I was trying
21	to get at, nevertheless made a decision that involves
22	billions of dollars.
23	And it would appear to me, and it is my

Ontario Hydro makes decisions that is very relevant to

submission, Mr. Chairman, that if in fact that is how

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1	how this Board makes its determination.
2	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Well, with respect, Mr.
3	Chairman, my friend has misstated the situation.
4	There was clearly additional information
5	in front of the board in December with respect to the
6	load forecast which indicated that there was a further
7	lowering of the view as between October and December as
8	to the short-term forecast, and it is not correct for
9	my friend to suggest to you that there was no further
10	information. That is simply not correct.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: I think you should proceed
12	to another point.
13	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Mr. Snelson, you have
14	frozen NUGs and reduced their level by about 750
15	megawatts by the year 2000. You have also, as I
16	understand it, made some fairly substantial changes in
17	the amount of demand-side management you intend to rely
18	on over the next 10 years. That is how I understand
19	your evidence, anyway. Correct me if I'm wrong.

Can you tell me whether, other than this material before us here, any economic analysis was done of those decisions?

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MR. SNELSON: A. That is a very big question, and there are a lot of assumptions in there.

Perhaps you want to go through them one at a time.

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	Q. On,	okay.	You made	a determ	nination	
that you will	rely on	750 meg	gawatts,	roughly,	less NUGs	
by the year 20	00. Di	d you do	an econ	omic anal	ysis of	
that other tha	an the o	ne in at	tachment	G which	uses old	
SICS and only	deals w	ith 500	megawatt	s. Did y	ou do	
another econom	nic anal	vsis of	that wit	h real da	ata?	

A. There have been many projections around for non-utility generation, I am not sure which one leads to your 750 megawatt difference.

Q. You had a number of 3,100 megawatts?

A. 3,100 megawatts was a target. At time of Panel 10 we indicated that was a target which we wanted to have the capability to achieve, but as part of surplus management, that our illustrative case showed us achieving a lesser number. I can look the number up.

The amount that is in the projection that you see in attachment J, yes, attachment J, is higher than the amount that was in the illustrative surplus management and lower than the target that was considered to be achievable. So that is the situation and we have described that.

The economic analysis shows that non-utility generation in the 1990s, that most of that

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- non-utility generation that is in the projection for 1 1990s is uneconomic for that time period. It might be 2
- economic at a later time period, but it's uneconomic 3
- for that time period largely because it's being bought 4
- during a period of surplus capacity. 5
- 6 Q. I am not disagreeing with you on that, Mr. Snelson, my question is far simpler than 7
- 8 that. You have said it's not economic.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Did you do an analysis of that? If
- you did, can I see it, or is this it? 11
- 12 A. The representative analysis is the
- 13 500 megawatt, is shown in G.
- 14 O. So this is it?
- 15 A. That is the analysis that we are
- relying upon to indicate that deferring non-utility 16
- generation is beneficial. 17
- 18 Q. Okay. You are not going to be
- 19 relying on as much demand management in the next 10
- 20 years either; is that correct? Program-driven demand
- 21 management, sorry.
- 22 A. Well, the program-driven demand
- 23 management is as indicated in Mr. Burke's forecast and
- 24 looked at from a certain perspective of just the
- 25 straight differential between the basic and the primary

load, and it is lower for the reasons that he and Mr.
Shalaby have discussed.

Q. All right. And you did an economic
analysis of that in here somewhere, right, various
categories, correct, in attachment G?

A. Attachment G looks at some potential deferrals of demand management options, yes.

Q. That's the only economic analysis there is of those decisions too; correct?

MR. BURKE: A. No. I think that we have stated in main Exhibit 796 that the analysis of 850 megawatt deferral that's on page 5 of 796 has been superseded by the analysis that went into the load forecast that was approved by the Board in December.

The analysis that went into the Board in December, a summary of it is in chapter 5, and we will at some point soon, hopefully, be producing a report equivalent to Exhibit 76, but for this load forecast which will go through sort of item by item the estimates of potential and attainable demand management that are imbedded in the load forecast, but a summary that's contained in attachment C and each item was screened for its economics as they stood in September, which is what I said in my direct evidence and I think is also stated in the attachment C.

September. The SICS that were used were the best available at that time. Q. Okay. So the screening that was done in September, that is attachment G; isn't it? A. No. Q. So you had two different people doing screening in September. Attachment G is September; isn't it? A. No, attachment G is describing options that were contained in the previous load forecast for demand management, and the economics of those options were being assessed for deferral, whether	1	Q. Sorry, I am obviously just dense this
management as included in the load forecast was screened based on September numbers; is that what you just said? A. I said that the screening was done in September. The SICS that were used were the best available at that time. Q. Okay. So the screening that was done in September, that is attachment G; isn't it? A. No. Q. So you had two different people doing screening in September. Attachment G is September; isn't it? A. No, attachment G is describing options that were contained in the previous load forecast for demand management, and the economics of those options were being assessed for deferral, whether it was economic due them on the schedule that they were currently on or whether they should be deferred. What we have in attachment C is a new load forecast with new loads by end-use, new	2	morning, Mr. Burke.
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A. No, attachment G is describing options that were contained in the previous load forecast for demand management, and the economics of those options were being assessed for deferral, whether it was economic due them on the schedule that they were currently on or whether they should be deferred. What we have in attachment C is a new load forecast with new loads by end-use, new	14	screening in September. Attachment G is September;
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21 currently on or whether they should be deferred. 22 What we have in attachment C is a new 23 load forecast with new loads by end-use, new	19	those options were being assessed for deferral, whether
What we have in attachment C is a new load forecast with new loads by end-use, new	20	it was economic due them on the schedule that they were
load forecast with new loads by end-use, new	21	currently on or whether they should be deferred.
and a second of the second of	22	What we have in attachment C is a new
opportunities, less opportunity in some other areas.	23	load forecast with new loads by end-use, new
	24	opportunities, less opportunity in some other areas.

And as we have said, the page that I have referred to,

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- 1 page 5 of 796, essentially the analysis we have now
- 2 supersedes that.
- 3 Q. So am I safe to assume then that in
- 4 all this mass of paper where there is all sorts of
- 5 discussion about demand management reductions, changes,
- et cetera, that the only ones that matter are the ones 6
- 7 in attachment C; all this other stuff is now out of
- 8 date?
- 9 A. I think that's fair, yes.
- 10 Q. Okay. Two other quick points on
- this. Mr. Snelson, I think this is you that said this. 11
- 12 I will see. If you could turn to page 30438 of the
- 13 transcript of yesterday.
- 14 MR. SNELSON: A. I presume that's
- 30,438. 15
- Q. Yes, 30,438. 16
- 17 A. We now have more pages than we have
- islands around Parry Sound. [Laughter.] 18
- Q. As I understand what you are saying 19
- 20 between lines, I think this is you, between lines 9 and
- 21 21, is --
- THE CHAIRMAN: Perhaps you could give him 22
- a chance to read it, that's 10 lines. 23
- 24 MR. SNELSON: Yes, I recall that
- evidence. 25

1	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Okay. So as I
2	understand what you are saying here, the March 1992
3	SICS were basically up about 10 per cent, and then
4	November 1992 is going back down about 10 per cent, so
5	it really wasn't that necessary to do new cost benefit
6	ratios for hydraulic in this case because you are just
7	going back to where you were; right?
8	MR. SNELSON: A. That's not quite an
9	accurate summary.
10	Q. Maybe you could characterize it then.
11	A. The comments about increases and
12	reductions were with respect to long-term system
13	incremental values, which are the ones that influence
14	hydraulic projects most because of their long,
15	typically about 90-year life, and so that is what tends
16	to drive the hydraulic evaluations, the long-term
17	values, and it was not an indication that there was no
18	need; it was an indication to re-evaluate. It was a
19	rough estimate of the expected change when that's next
20	done. It's not necessarily saying that there is no
21	need.
22	Q. Okay. But your expectation is that
23	you will be back to roughly the cost/benefit ratios we
24	heard in Panel 6?
25	A. That's my expectation, yes.

1	Q. And in making that estimate, do I
2	assume that you have taken into account the change in
3	the structure of the system incremental cost, that is
4	the extent to which more is now energy and less is now
5	capacity, those sorts of changes over the last six
6	months. You have taken that into account in making
7	that estimate?
8	A. No, I reviewed the comparisons for a
9	relatively high load factor option in coming to that
10	conclusion.
11	Q. Sorry, you reviewed what? I didn't
12	hear you.
13	A. I reviewed from Exhibit 796,
14	attachment D
15	Q. Yes?
16	A the figure that is given for the
17	I believe it's 70 per cent capacity factor option, and
18	that's on page 11 of that attachment.
19	Q. Page 11?
20	A. I see figure 2 on page 11 of
21	attachment D which is the comparison of March and
22	November system incremental values, project appraisal.
23	Q. So you didn't take into account any
24	change in the relative importance of power values and
25	energy values?

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1	A. I did not. I would not expect there
2	to be a large effect on the long-term, though I would I
3	would expect there to be some shifts in the period of
4	surplus.
5	Q. I take it you didn't take into
6	account the specific pattern of energy and capacity
7	production that any given hydroelectric facility would
8	provide?
9	A. As I said, no, I did not. And over
10	the long-term, this is beyond the period of the
11	capacity surplus, I wouldn't expect those proportions
12	to change very much.
13	Q. You are not anticipating 70 per cent
14	capacity factor from the hydraulic that is currently in
15	your plans, are you?
16	A. No.
17	Q. Okay. I guess there would have to be
18	some adjustment for your new inflation forecasts as
19	well, right, in terms of costs, the cost side of the
20	cost/benefit analysis? Inflation, discount rates, et
21	cetera.
22	A. Those are all the matters that would
23	be included in a new evaluation of a cost/benefit

Q. Your corporate financial evaluation

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analysis.

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1	manual provides that major decisions on generating
2	capacity should not be done without an up-to-date
3	economic analysis; is that correct?
4	THE CHAIRMAN: Are you reading from a
5	document?
6	MR. SHEPHERD: No, I am asking that
7	document, which is in the record, the corporate
8	financial evaluation manual says that.
9	THE CHAIRMAN: Have you got that handy?
10	MR. SNELSON: I don't have the manual
11	with me.
12	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. We know what the
13	answer is, don't we?
14	MR. SNELSON: A. It's a question of what
15	is the definition of the decisions and at what stage in
16	the process that is required.
17	Q. Perhaps you could turn to schedule H
18	of this package. Correct me, if I am wrong, this is a
19	description of the capital business plan, the
20	preliminary capital business plan; correct?
21	A. I'm sorry?
22	Q. This a description of the preliminary
23	capital business plan; correct? You have a process
24	where senior management says to the branches, here is
25	some numbers, here is some assumptions, now do your

1	planning. Give us back answers.
2	That's what this is; right?
3	A. Specifically this is the
4	communication from the chair of Ontario Hydro to the
5	vice-presidents requesting them to submit their capital
6	program budgets on a certain basis and to describe the
7	basis for the submission of those capital program
8	budgets.
9	Q. Okay. And included in this, on the
10	first page you will see, right at the bottom, the
11	chairman has instructed the branches to review even
12	committed expenditures to determine if they can be
13	deferred or cancelled; correct?
14	A. That is what it says, yes.
15	Q. Now, nowhere in this package 796, as
16	I understand it, do we have the answer to that, what
17	committed expenditures you have in fact gotten rid of
18	over this 10-year capital plan; is that correct?
19	A. I think this is an exhortation to the
20	vice-president to try and avoid the expenditure of any
21	money that is not required, and not to take these
22	directions as being explicit authority to include what
23	is here, whether or not they still see it as being
24	desirable, as necessary.

Q. Okay. Well, Mr. Snelson, a couple of

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pages on you will see in schedules 2 and 3, these are 1

2 branch by branch budgets, capital budgets; correct?

Let me rephrase that, that's wrong. The budgets are

what the branches will prepare.

5 Schedule 2 is a ceiling on uncommitted

and schedule 3 is a reference case for committed

numbers; correct?

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MR. DALZIEL: A. Yes, it is.

Actually, I am noticing something, if I 9 could just take a moment to correct something I said 10 11 earlier, especially while Mr. Castrilli is here.

> Schedules 2 and 3 do reflect the capital reductions that are summarized in schedule 4. I think earlier I had said schedule 4 you would back out those numbers from the values in schedules 2 and 3. Schedules 2 and 3 already reflect the capital reductions.

> Q. Okay. And now do I understand correctly that what the chairman is saying to the branches is, so here is the maximum total, see if you can give use less, see if you can give us budgets that have lower numbers?

MR. SNELSON: A. That's a reasonable paraphrase I think of what the chairman said.

Q. If you look at the second page of

1	that attachment, I understand that the deadline for
2	that was November 16th; right?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. So can you tell us what the numbers
5	are then?
6	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Mr. Chairman, we are
7	now getting right into - and I object to this question
8	and this line - we are now getting right into exactly
9	what you have indicated time and time again you do not
10	want to get into. That is the internal process of how
11	directions go out to management of Ontario Hydro, how
1.2	they start to respond to them, and matters in the
13	normal planning cycle get brought to the board of
1.4	directors.
15	To the extent that decisions have been
16	made that are relevant to this inquiry and to the
17	approvals that are being requested, they have been
18	fairly put before you in the material here. This is an
19	ongoing management process that is not yet complete.
20	To the extent decisions have been taken
21	in the capital area, you have been advised and the
22	material has been provided. I think it is entirely
23	inappropriate to start stepping into the whole capital
2.4	hudgeting process which is what my friend is doing

MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, in the first

place, to the best of my knowledge Mr. Campbell is not sworn and therefore I don't care whether he says we have been advised of everything; I want the witnesses to say that under oath.

Secondly if this is not yet, this information is not yet available, they can tell us, and I'm happy to say, fine, if it's not available it's not available. But they filed this information, they filed this chart of 10 years of expenditures. If it's no longer right, I think I am entitled to ask what is the new number. If they don't have it, it's okay.

that we had, from Mr. Snelson, presently the best available information they had. Now, if that's not right and that could be qualified in any way, he can say so. But I understand that this schedule, read together with the other schedules, brings us up to January 6th, 1992 and that's as far as we can go at this point; is that correct?

MR. SNELSON: Yes, I believe it is.

The matters that we felt that were relevant in this document to this process were the better definition of the planning assumptions for Niagara, Mattagami, Little Jackfish, the dates, in-service dates that are attached in schedule 1, and

- 1 some of the commentary that goes with it. [11:37 a.m.] 2 I don't think that we felt that detailed 3 capital budgets by branch were particularly the reason 4 for submitting this document. This document was just 5 to give more substance, more detail to the planning 6 7 decisions that were made in October in respect to the capital budget, the capital programs. 8 MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Do I understand you... 9 10 I have to be very careful how I word this. 11 Do I understand you to be saying that 12 there is no more recent information than this, or 13 alternatively that there is more recent information but 14 you don't think it is relevant? 15 MR. SNELSON: A. I believe that there 16 would have been a response to the request for 17 submissions by November the 16th, and they would have 18 been received on or about that date. They are not 19 matters that I would normally dig into as part of 20 long-term planning and I am not familiar with them, but 21 I would expect they do exist.
- I am really after, Mr. Snelson. 24 A. I thought that is what you were

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asking for.

Q. Okay. But I don't think that is what

1 Q. Not really, no. Maybe I have just 2 been inelegant here. 3 I understand that internally at Hydro you 4 have submissions back and forth, and you have a number, 5 and then you discuss it, and then you have another 6 number, et cetera, but there are some milestones, some 7 points at which you have information that you actually do things with; right? 8 9 Α. Yes. 10 0. Budgets, for instance? 11 A. And those can be big or small 12 milestones. 13 Q. Of course. And this represents one milestone where the Chairman says, here's the numbers 14 15 you start with. And the next milestone presumably is 16 some form of preliminary budget that people actually start to work with. And all I am asking is, if we are 17 there yet, if we have that set of numbers, can we have 18 them? 19 THE CHAIRMAN: And his answer is he 20 doesn't think he needs them for the 796. This is just 21 22 given to in effect provide a continuity to where you reach 796. Is that what you are saying? 23 24 MR. SNELSON: Yes. I think perhaps more

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specifically if we were -- we would not have considered

1	it necessary for long-term for this type of process to
2	have included schedule 2 and schedule 3. But we did
3	feel that the description that was in schedule 1 of the
4	general nature of the long-term plan that is behind
5	this gave some additional detail to the October
6	decisions, and that is why the document was included,
7	but the details of each branch's capital budget is not
8	something which I normally consider in long-term
9	planning and I am not sure is all that relevant to
10	long-term planning.
11	MR. SHEPHERD: Fine, Mr. Chairman. That
12	is as far as I want to go on that.
13	Q. Mr. Snelson, this attachment H, we
14	talked about in this last paragraph on the first page
15	examining more significant plans which have already
16	been committed I am quoting here:
17	to determine if any of these plans
18	can be economically deferred or cancelled
19	as a result of current forecasts of need.
20	Now, this is obviously after the capital
21	program review, so I take it that the chairman is
22	asking for more proposals for deferrals or
23	cancellations, correct, or is suggesting it?
24	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes.
25	Q. Can you give us details of what

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1 additional capital plans are being deferred or 2 cancelled as a result of this? 3 A. There have been additional capital 4 and operating plans that have been cut since October, and we have told the Board about them. It is the plan 5 for the Manitoba Purchase and associated transmission 6 7 has been cut. That was the decision taken at the 8 December board meeting. 9 The further decision to close two 10 Lakeview units in December was an additional decision. 11 The decision to put on hold non-utility generation 12 projects at the December board meeting was an 13 additional decision, and those decisions we told you 14 about. I understand that. 15 0. 16 Whether in fact as a result of this somebody in the Regions branch has decided that a 17 18 transformer station could be delayed by a year or two 19 years, I don't know. 20 Well, that is not what I am asking about obviously. I am only asking about significant 21 22 ones, and I understand you to be saying the significant

> A. We have told you about the ones we consider to be significant.

ones you have told us.

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1	Q. Okay. The next page of this
2	memorandum asks the branches to identify the extent of
3	writeoffs, cancellation or penalty payments and any
4	deferred project balances that will result from this,
5	from project deferrals.
6	Have you provided the information on what
7	the impact of these various things is going to be to
8	Hydro? All these various deferrals and cancellations
9	and everything that is in this evidence, will I find in
10	here somewhere how much it is going to cost you to do
11	that?
12	A. Clearly, there is a cost to the
13	cancellation of the Manitoba Purchase.
14	Q. Am I right that is around 150
15	million?
16	THE CHAIRMAN: I think that is an area we
17	don't want to get into.
18	MR. SHEPHERD: I'm sorry, Mr. Chairman.
19	Maybe I
20	THE CHAIRMAN: The cost of cancellation
21	of the Manitoba Purchase is a current matter, I expect,
22	of discussion, according to what Mr. Campbell told us
23	this morning, between Ontario Hydro and Manitoba Hydro,
24	and that is a matter I don't think this Board at this
25	time wants to get into.

1	MR. SHEPHERD: I understand the
2	confidentiality question. I guess it has to go in
3	Hydro's published budgets in the next matter of weeks.
4	All I want is order of magnitude. I don't want
5	THE CHAIRMAN: I don't think they should
6	be asked to give those figures.
7	MR. SHEPHERD: All right.
8	THE CHAIRMAN: This is a planning
9	hearing, Mr. Shepherd. I realize that you and your
.0	clients have some very distinct issues with Ontario
.1	Hydro, but this is not the place to resolve some of
.2	them.
13	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Mr. Snelson, is it
14	correct to say that Ontario Hydro issued a press
15	release in which they said the cost of cancelling the
16	Manitoba Purchase was less than half of a \$300 million
L7	amount?
18	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Well, I am not sure if
L 9	Mr. Snelson has the press release with him. If that is
2.0	what the press release says, that is what the press
21	release says. I don't want Mr. Snelson confirming that
22	unless he has access to the document. I'm not sure he
23	does.
24	MR. SHEPHERD: I will file this, Mr.
25	Chairman. This is something that they told the

newspapers, it is going to cost us \$150 million. And 1 it shouldn't be a big deal to fuss about in here. 2 3 THE CHAIRMAN: Get on to something else, 4 Mr. Shepherd. MR. SHEPHERD: Okay. 5 Are there any other significance 6 7 cancellation or other costs associated with these 8 various changes? Just the big ones. 9 MR. SNELSON: A. I am just trying to 10 think through the various changes. And if a process is stopped for the -- when the process is stopped for the 11 12 Northern Ontario interconnection, then any monies that 13 have been spent for that would have to be expensed. 14 Q. Oh, that is the Manitoba contract 15 again but the transmission side of it? 16 A. Well, that is not the Manitoba 17 contract; that is the Northern Ontario interconnection, 18 which would be cancelled if the contract is 19 cancelled -- is cancelled when the contract is 20 cancelled. 21 Q. You don't have an idea of how much 22 that will be? 23 I don't have a figure for that, no. 24

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there will be contract penalties, severance costs, that

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And presumably on some of this stuff

1	sort of thing associated with stopping what you are
2	doing on various capital programs; is that correct? I
3	don't want the details, just the concept is correct,
4	isn't it?
5	A. Well, there can be such costs. I am
6	trying to think of what contracts and so on that we
7	might be into cancelling based upon the October
8	decision or the December decision.
9	Q. How many people are you laying off at

Lakeview as a result of its closure?

A. I don't know how many people will be laid off. There will be a certain number of jobs that will disappear and a variety of things will happen to those people. Some people may have taken the early retirement offer that was made to them. Some people may be reassigned to other stations and handled through attrition. So there is a variety of things that happen to them. And there is a cost associated with that, and that is accounted for in the budgeting process.

Q. Yes, understood. One of the things we have talked about, Mr. Snelson, throughout this hearing is the cost of overcommitting to capital plans. If you overcommit and it turns out you don't need what you have built or what you are building or what you are planning to build, then there is a cost associated with

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4	Α.	TII	a	generar	sense,	yes.	

- 0. And the longer the lead time of the 3 project, the bigger the cost typically?
- Α. Not necessarily. 5
- 0. Is that a directionally correct 6
- generalization? 7
- THE CHAIRMAN: Well, perhaps you could 8 get on to what it is you want to ask him about in 796 9 10 in this context, and that might make it a little
- 11 clearer for him.

16

MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, I am having 12 13 a problem here. When I ask the specific questions I am being challenged on relevance because I haven't made 14 15 the general point yet. Now I am trying to lay the

groundwork with the general point so I can ask the

- specific questions. Which order should I do it in? 17
- 18 THE CHAIRMAN: I think in this particular 19 case you should give him the specific question you want 20 to ask about 796.
- 21 MR. SHEPHERD: Okay.
- 22 Q. Is it correct, Mr. Snelson, that
- 23 Ontario Hydro currently expects that the overall cost -
- 24 not speaking of the termination payment now - the
- 25 overall cost of having committed to the Manitoba

1 contract and then deciding not to do it will add about 2 3 per cent to electricity rates in the province of 3 Ontario: is that correct? 4 MR. SNELSON: A. I don't have -- I 5 haven't seen an estimate. 6 THE CHAIRMAN: Have you got that from 7 some document or some statement? 8 MR. SHEPHERD: No, Mr. Chairman. 9 THE CHAIRMAN: Well, then how --10 MR. SNELSON: I can't confirm that 11 number. 12 MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Mr. Snelson, you are 13 still seeking approval of the requirement and rationale 14 for 1,400 to 1,800 megawatts of hydraulic; correct? 15 Yes. 16 Q. So if I understand that correctly 17 then, you are saying that notwithstanding your 18 projections of substantial surplus in the foreseeable 19 future you believe that you require 1,400 to 1,800 20 megawatts of additional generation of that type? 21 A. Over the 25-year period we expect to 22 need more than the 1,400 to 1,800 megawatts of 23 capacity. Q. And, in fact, you don't really need 24

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it until 2010 -- around there, 2009/2010, according to

1	your capacity charts; correct?
2	A. I think that is assuming the
3	hydraulic is there. So the need for the hydraulic will
4	be somewhat earlier than that.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: I didn't hear the end of
6	that.
7	MR. SNELSON: Sorry, the 2009 date is
8	assuming that the hydraulic is built and is the need
9	for something beyond that. The need for the hydraulic
10	would be a little earlier than that, but it is not
11	around the year 2000. It is 2005 or later.
12	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. So then my question
13	is, based on this new information what is the earliest
14	date that you require additional hydraulic generation?
15	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Excuse me, Mr.
16	Shepherd.
17	I assume by 'require' you mean in a
18	simple capacity load and capacity balance sense. There
19	have been a number of reasons given for the request for
20	hydraulic approvals. Mr. Snelson has said those that
21	were discussed in Panel 10 are still extant.
22	I take it you are using 'requirement' in
23	a narrower sense, because if not I will suggest that he
24	has answered the question. If you are using it in a
25	simple 'we have this much capacity and we have this

1 much load', then I am quite content to have him answer 2 that question on that basis. 3 MR. SHEPHERD: Q. I will start there, 4 sure. MR. SNELSON: A. I haven't done the 5 6 specific analysis with the new load forecast. I 7 understand that it is around the year 2005. As of the 8 time of the October board memorandum it was around the 9 years 2005 or 2006 on a straight capacity basis. 10 0. Yes? Where's that chart? And, in 11 fact, if we look at attachment J, table A-1-2, now this 12 one has in it about, what, a net of about 1,000 13 megawatts by the year 2005 hydraulic; am I right? 14 THE CHAIRMAN: You are looking at the 15 line Uncommitted Hydraulic? 16 MR. SHEPHERD: No, because it has to be 17 adjusted, Mr. Chairman, for up-rated and down-rated megawatts for the year 2002, as we heard earlier. 18 19 THE CHAIRMAN: So what line do we look 20 at? 21 MR. SHEPHERD: The combination, I 22 believe. 23 Q. But perhaps you could help me, Mr. Dalziel? 24 MR. DALZIEL: A. Look at the line 25

Uncommitted Hydraulic. 1 Q. Yes? 2 3 And then with respect to the value in the year 2002, the 921, you should also pick up the 4 5 minus 321 below that from the line Years Up-Rated or Down-Rated. 6 7 Q. Okay. 8 And the amount of hydraulic, additional hydraulic by the year 2000 would be about 9 10 1,000 megawatts. 11 Q. Okay. So then, if we go down to the 12 Balance line and we see that -- if we took out that 13 1,000 megawatts in 2005 you would be okay, in 2006 you 14 would be okay, but you would be close both years, and 1.5 by 2007 you are under the Balance line; correct? 16 That's right. Α. 17 All right. And that balance includes 18 So you can actually play with it a little reserve. 19 bit, but not too much; right? 20 [11:57 a.m.] 21 Α. That's right. 22 Q. All right. So then if you don't need 23 the hydraulic until 2006, or perhaps 2007 according to 24 this chart - this is the new load forecast, of course -

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then do I understand correctly the reasons why you want

- 1 approval to do it earlier are, in the case of Mattagami because there are these other benefits associated with 2 3 Smokey Falls, and in the case of Niagara, because there are these other benefits associated with the joint use 4 of the water; is that correct? 5 6 MR. SNELSON: A. That is part of it. 7 But all of the reasons that we have discussed in Panel 6 and Panel 10. I don't believe anything has changed 8 9 in that regard. 10 Q. I guess my question is, and we are 11 obviously going to be debating this at length in a little while, you have no generic reasons, reasons that 12 13 are not attached to a site, you have no generic reasons 14 why want to put of the hydraulic in earlier; right? You don't need the capacity. 15 16 In Panel 10, I gave four reasons for 17 needing hydraulic capacity on a generic basis, and I said in my direct evidence that they still apply. 18 The first is to contribute to the 19 20 province's -- to the requirement for capacity and 21 energy over the 25-year period.
 - Q. Can I just stop you there. Whether you build in 2007 or 2000, you have accomplished that result; right?

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A. Within the 25-year period, yes, but

- Shalaby, Burke, Snelson, Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)
- 1 that is a reason for proceeding.
- 2 0. Okav.
- Not necessarily reason for proceeding Α. 3
- early, but it's a reason for proceeding. 4
- 5 Q. Okay.
- To make use of the province's 6
- 7 economic renewable indigenous energy resources is the
- 8 second reason I quoted.
- 9 Q. And that one again, that's not a
- reaons for proceeding early, because in fact it's 10
- 11 better economically to proceed later; right?
- 1.2 A. No, I think that has implications for
- 13 proceeding early, because the indigenous energy
- 14 resource we are talking about and the renewable
- 15 resource we are talking about is an energy resource,
- 16 and we have just established that this later need date
- 17 is on a closely defined need date on a capacity basis.
- 18 The energy is useful as soon as you can get it, it
- 19 helps to reduce the combustion of coal and other such
- 20 matters. So that's a reason for proceeding at any
- 21 time.
- 22 The third reason was to respond to policy
- 23 direction from the provincial government, and the
- 24 specific there is that we, as we discussed in early
- 25 panels, we have had provincial government direction to

- 1 proceed with these projects through the environmental 2

assessment stage.

- 3 Q. Those are site-specific issues,
- 4 though, that's not generic. They haven't said proceed
- 5 with 1,800 megawatts of hydraulic; they have said
- 6 proceed with the Mattagami and proceed with Patten
- 7 Post, right, and Niagara for that matter?
- 8 A. And Jackfish.
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 A. And the fourth reason is to add to
- 11 the diversity and the flexibility of the system.
- MR. SHEPHERD: Okay. Mr. Chairman, do 12
- 13 you wish to have lunch at this point?
- THE CHAIRMAN: I understand that we could 14
- keep going until 12:30 or stop at quarter to. That's 15
- 16 what I have been told to do.
- 17 MR. SHEPHERD: Is that new?
- THE CHAIRMAN: But if you are ready to 18
- 19 stop now and want to come back at 1:15, that is fine
- with me. 20
- 21 MR. SHEPHERD: No, I'm happy either way.
- 22 12:30 is fine.
- Q. Let's talk about energy services. 23
- 24 Now, I get the impression and I certainly got it from
- 25 your direct evidence and a lot of places in here, that

Dalziel
cr ex (Shepherd)

- there is a sort of an increasing focus on the urgency
 of electricity rates, the price per kilowatthour that
 you are charging for electricity. That's an
 increasingly important issue; isn't it?
- 5 MR. SNELSON: A. Yes.
- Q. I guess I thought that Hydro was
 refocusing as an energy services company and that
 therefore the cost of each kilowatthour should be less
 important than the cost of the energy services being
 delivered. Wasn't that the concept with an increased
 demand management, et cetera?
- 12 A. Yes. And that still applies.
- Q. And that still applies.
- But then shouldn't that mean that the

 increases in the rate per kilowatthour, they shouldn't

 actually matter; right?
- 17 A. I don't think that that is the view
 18 of our customers, and I don't think it should be the
 19 view of anybody else either.
- If an increase in the rate per
 kilowatthour is being driven by expenditures on demand
 management to reduce the number of kilowatthours sold,
 and so the increase in the rate per kilowatthour is not
 associated with an increase in the customer's
 electricity bill, then that is something that we have

Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)

1	to deal with and should be acceptable according to the
2	total customer cost type principle. But customers are
3	interested in electricity rates and many of the
4	pressures that are driving rates up are not coming from
5	increased expenditures on the demand management; they
6	are coming from high fixed costs on generating plants
7	which is being divided over a few units, and there is a
8	need to control cost to keep rates under control.

Q. Tell me whether my math is right. you increase my bill -- sorry, not my bill, that's wrong. If you increase the rate per kilowatthour that you charge me by 25 per cent and I make my house 20 per cent more efficient, my bill is the same; isn't it?

A. You're accounting here for the different base of your 25 and your 20 per cent?

Q. That's right.

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A. Presuming you have done that right, and there is no real reason why that shouldn't be so. You have taken 125 per cent and 80 per cent of 125, I think is the math you have done.

The point is not the math.

I realize. Α.

The point is I didn't see anywhere in here where you said, after saying all these places rate increase is a big problem, the sky is falling, et

- cetera, I see nowhere where you see, but we are 1 improving efficiency through programs and indeed 2 customers will be improving efficiency through natural 3 demand management, and as a result the costs of energy 4 services will be this much higher or this much lower in 5 25 years than it is today. And the reason for that is 6 7 that you don't know that number, do you? A. I don't think it's correct that we 8 9 have not looked at it from that perspective. 10 Well, okay. I can find out in this 11 package of information how much rates per kilowatthour 12 are going to go up. Can I find out in this information 13 over the next 25 years how much the average bill of, 14 say, a residential customer will go up or down? 15 A. The concern with electricity rates 16 that we have discussed and the need to respond I 17
 - that we have discussed and the need to respond I
 indicated in my evidence was a short-term pressure
 caused by an increase in electricity rates. And the
 demand management components of our plan have been
 looked at from a total customer cost perspective which
 takes into account the effects on the customer's bill.

 Q. I described an effect and presumably

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MR. BURKE: A. I agree with everything
that Mr. Snelson has said so I am only going to focus

a number and I asked: Is it in here?

on the demand management portion, which is a very small

portion of why rates are rising. But you certainly can

find in the load forecast the amount of efficiency

improvement and fuel switching, et cetera, et cetera,

that we think is going to happen over the next 25

years.

The cost associated with achieving that and what its effect on rates is, I am not sure whether that's in the package. But you do have what we think will be the reduction from basic load through programs. And it is also possible that we would not be able on the 25-year basis to say what the costs of achieving results are in any definitive way. We might be able to give some maximum range of how much one would be prepared to spend and that's the number that comes out of the total customer cost test, and so is the relevance of what Mr. Snelson was saying to this issue.

Q. Can you take a look at attachment E to Exhibit 796, particularly to page 2. It's correct, isn't it, Mr. Burke, that if you look in this chart, table 2, under the heading near the bottom, Electricity Ontario 1991 dollars, it's true, isn't it, that you are currently projecting that the increase in electricity rates for the 25 years ended 2015 will be about 37 per cent real; correct?

	cr ex (Shepherd)
1	THE CHAIRMAN: I have lost you. Where is
2	the 37?
3	MR. SHEPHERD: 7.48 cents per
4	kilowatthour to 10.26 cents per kilowatthour.
5	Q. I am happy if you just accept that
6	subject to check, unless you want to calculate it, Mr.
7	Burke.
8	MR. BURKE: A. Yes.
9	Q. And that increase given your
10	inflation projections means that you are currently
11	expecting that customers, residential customers will be
12	paying an average of 23 cents a kilowatthour in 2015,
13	is that correct, subject to check?
14	A. I think there is a table in the
15	document that gives the nominal price
16	Q. Is there?
17	Afor electricity, and for
18	residential average, page 35, yes, it indicates that.
19	Q. Page 35?
20	A. Table 14.
21	Q. Right. So a residential sector is -
22	oh, I was low - is 23.6 cents a kilowatthour; right?
23	A. In 2015 dollars.
24	Q. Yes. No, understood.
25	A. Wrap your mind around that concept.

Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)

1	Q. It's really only a 37 per cent
2	increase; right?
3	A. In real terms. Most of which occurs
4	beyond the year well, most of that which has not
5	already occurred, occurs beyond the year 2005.
6	Q. When you bring in the new generation?
7	A. Well, I'm not sure what all of the
8	reasons are, but beyond 2005.
9	Q. Well, in fact, don't you say in here
.0	somewhere that the reason why it goes up in the last
.1	seven or eight years of your forecast is because of new
.2	generation coming on force? I will find the reference
.3	if you like, but it is your report and you
. 4	A. It is the single most single
.5	largest factor.
.6	Q. But it is correct that that 37 per
.7	cent increase, that's not really a fair number, right,
.8	in the sense that - how shall I explain this - if you
.9	are right about the increasingly efficient use of
20	electricity over the next 25 years, people's bills
21	won't actually be 37 per cent higher; will they?
22	A. You mean residential customers?
23	Q. Yes.
24	A. On average? No, their bills will not
25	be that much higher, no.

1	Q. But we don't know how much higher
2	they will be?
3	A. You could probably figure out from
4	the information in front of you if that's an issue of
5	concern to you what proportion of demand we are saying
6	will be reduced in the residential sector, and so how
7	much of the increase in price will be offset by a
8	reduction in quantity.
9	Q. Well, in fact you have only
10	identified in the data here the program-driven demand
11	management, right, but there will also be rate-driven
12	and technology-driven demand management over the next
13	25 years; correct?
14	My new portable computer is 3.3 volt
15	rather than 5 volt, which means it consumes less power
16	to do the same thing.
17	As the rates go up, people turn off their
18	lights more on. That's all correct?
19	A. That's all correct. I am not sure
20	what you are getting at because
21	Q. That isn't in here.
22	A. It's in the load forecast. The fact
23	that demand is responding to price, that there are new
24	technologies, all of that is in the basic load
25	forecast, but I am not sure what the point is.

Q. The point is that you said, we can take this data and we can figure out how much will be the effect on bills over 25 years, and I am suggesting to you that that's not correct because you are not providing us with how much electricity use is going down because of natural demand management; are you?

A. I think perhaps what you are asking is, could I somehow isolate all of the factors which will reduce customers demand from all of those factors which will tend to increase customer demand over the next 25 years, and just look at one side of the issue and attribute that to bill reduction, but forget about the other side of the issue. And I guess what I am saying is, no I can't do that, I don't think it's meaningful.

What we can do is tell you what customers would demand for all kinds of reasons and we can tell what you the difference, what they would have demanded without our demand management programs and what they will demand after our demand management programs. But to try to figure out how a customer should really feel about his electricity bill in 2015 given that sort of efficiencies of some items in his household has improved whereas he has got twice as many of them as before, and isolate the components that are on the good

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1	side of the ledger from his point of view from those
2	which are actually pushing his bills up, yes I am not
3	able to do that and I don't think it is actually
4	possible to do a good job of that. It might be nice
5	but it's not really something that can be done.
6	Q. Mr. Burke, you may well be right. I
7	guess what I am concerned with is how can you as an
8	energy services company target the cost of energy
9	services to your customers if you have no way of
10	determining whether you are winning or losing and you
11	don't; do you?
12	A. I'm not sure where it is that you
13	found that we are targeting the cost of energy services
14	to our customers in total.
15	I think what we are looking at is the
16	impact of demand management programs to reduce
17	customers' bills so that the cost of the programs is
18	offset by the bill reduction, by the reduced
19	consumption of our customers more than paying for the
20	cost of the program.
21	Q. Fine. Let me turn then to another
22	issue. The status of the Bruce "A" nuclear generating
23	station. You mentioned that once I think in your

direct evidence, Mr. Snelson. I think it was you. As

I understand your evidence, the continued use of Bruce

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1	"A" in the short-term orthe long-term is currently
2	under review; correct?
3	MR. SNELSON: A. There is a review of
4	the Bruce "A" station under way, yes.
5	Q. Can you tell us how that review is
6	being conducted?
7	A. I think that the mechanisms of
8	conducting that review and what form of process will be
9	adopted in bringing that to our board of directors or
10	whoever is appropriate has not yet been decided.
11	Q. So presumably the review hasn't
12	started yet.
13	A. I believe an internal review team has
14	been set up, but they are in the process of initiating
15	the work and how it would be and how that work would
16	be reviewed.
17	Q. Okay. It is true, is it not, that
18	whatever results you come up with internally, it is
19	currently proposed that there be a public review of the
20	decision, whatever it is; is that correct?
21	A. There have been a number of
22	statements in that regard, and I'm not sure what type
23	of review, if any, will actually take place.
24	Q. I take it that this hearing does not
25	constitute in any way that public review is that

1	correct?
2	A. As I understand it, the specific
3	decisions with respect to Bruce "A" are not the subject
4	of this hearing.
5	[12:18 p.m.]
6	Q. Bruce "A" is four units of 769
7	megawatts each; correct?
8	A. I can't confirm 769, but 750 to 800,
9	yes. It is over 3,000 megawatts of capacity.
10	Q. I thought I found it in there, but I
11	didn't. Anyways, it is a little over 3,000 megawatts
12	in total?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Okay. In the information before this
15	Board in Exhibit 796 Bruce "A" is included, including
16	all rehabilitation plans that were already in place
17	throughout all this documentation; right?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. So Mr. Dalziel, then, will you look
20	at attachment J to table A-1-2, which we have already
21	looked at a couple of times. Have you got it?
22	MR. DALZIEL: A. Yes.
23	Q. Okay. And so except for the retubing
24	outages at Bruce "A" the whole Bruce "A" station is in
25	these totals all the way through; correct?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And we have already determined that
3	this number at the second last line, the balance, if it
4	is positive, it is your surplus for the year, right,
5	over and above your research margin?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. However, this projection doesn't
8	include the recent decision to close all four units of
9	Lakeview in 1993, does it?
.0	A. It does not reflect the decision to
.1	remove from service Lakeview's Units 7 and 8 in '93.
.2	Q. Well, it has
.3	A. It does show them being removed from
. 4	service in the year 2007.
.5	Q. So for this period, 1994 to 2007,
.6	your balance should be 570 megawatts less?
.7	A. Yes.
.8	Q. And with this adjustment you still
.9	have a surplus problem from about 1993 to about 2005;
20	am I right?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. Now, if Bruce "A" were mothballed
23	during that period and adjusting for the periods when
24	you expected to have Bruce "A" units out for retubing
25	in any case am I right_that you would have no

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	Shalaby, Burke, Snelson, 30 Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)
1	significant surplus problem for any of that period?
2	A. Subject to what you have already
3	qualified about the retubing schedule. If you were to
4	remove Bruce "A" from the capacity balance you would be
5	removing about 3,100 megawatts in each year.
6	Q. Yes?
7	A. In that the surplus is about that

A. In that the surplus is about that amount, but again subject to the years in which Bruce "A" units are already out for retubing, there would be some double-counting if you did that year by year. But subject to that qualification, that's correct.

Q. Now, we tabled Exhibit 938. I am just going to ask you to look at the graph on the first page. All we have done here, Mr. Dalziel -- this is not magic. All we have done is we have just -- the line with the boxes is your numbers from that table that we just read. That is the balance number, it is the surplus if it is above zero, and it is a deficit if it is below zero; correct?

A. Yes.

Q. And then, in the ones with the little crosses that is adjusting for Lakeview. Does that look about right to you, subject to check?

A. Looks about right. It is about 570 megawatts.

1	THE CHAIRMAN: And it includes the Bruce
2	outages, does it, for Bruce?
3	MR. SHEPHERD: The Bruce retubing outages
4	are in the original line
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
6	MR. SHEPHERD:because they have
7	already planned for that.
8	Q. Then, Mr. Dalziel, the last
9	adjustment there, which is called Bruce "A" mothball,
L O	is just what happens if you close it while you have a
11	surplus, close Bruce "A" during that period of surplus.
12	Subject to check, does that seem about
L3	right? I am not asking you to confirm it is exactly
L 4	right, just does it look about right?
L5	MR. DALZIEL: A. Subject to check, yes.
16	Q. And so again subject to check, Bruce
L 7	"A" could have the effect, and obviously it might not
L8	be a good idea economically, but it could have the
19	effect of getting rid of your surplus problem for most
20	of the period; right?
21	A. It would have that impact.
22	Q. All right. And just to confirm one
23	thing, take a look at 1998 on this chart and I guess
24	'99 as well. If you were to take your balance this
25	looks like 500, 600 megawatts below zero. That is

within your target range of reserve margin, isn't it? 1 What do you mean by 'within our 2 target range', the 20 to 24 per cent? 3 Yes. Is it 20 to 24? 4 5 A. 22, 24? Yes, something like that. 6 It is below 500. That would be 7 Α. 8 stretching it. But generally, yes. 9 Q. So you have that sort of leeway and 10 5- or 600 is the edge of what is acceptable? 11 Yes. A. 12 0. Wonderful. So I assume that in 13 whatever review Ontario Hydro does of the Bruce "A" 14 rehabilitation, these issues, how it affects capacity 15 balance and your surplus and everything will be dealt 16 with? 17 MR. B. CAMPBELL: Just a minute. Mr. Chairman, I have been sort of sitting here for a little 18 19 while wondering where all of this was going, and just 20 as long as all we were doing was mathematics with no 21 significance then that is perhaps one thing. I think 22 this question goes --23 THE CHAIRMAN: That is also an editorial 24 comment. 25 MR. B. CAMPBELL: I will try and restrain

1 myself.

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At this point, however, I object to the

question. I think it has absolutely no relevance to

matters that are before this Board as to what the scope

of the Bruce "A" review is, which is the essence of

this question. It is not clear to me why this is

relevant to these proceedings.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I don't know how Mr. Snelson on the basis of evidence he has given now could give any assurance of what will or will not be done on the Bruce "A" review.

MR. SHEPHERD: I guess what I am driving

at -- maybe I will skip a couple of questions and get

to the--

THE CHAIRMAN: All right.

MR. SHEPHERD: --cathartic question.

Q. Am I correct, Mr. Snelson, that for the purposes of determining the issues before this

Board - that is, for the purposes of you as a planner deciding what should the plan look like, or this Board as decision makers determining what should the plan look like - it is going to be important to see the results of the Bruce "A" analysis. Whether the review team does it or whether somebody else does it, somebody has got to figure out is this 3,000 megawatts in or

1 out; right? 2 MR. SNELSON: A. Your last question is that somebody has to figure out whether the 3,000 3 megawatts are in or out? 4 5 Q. Yes. 6 Α. And that is what the Bruce "A" review 7 is doing. 8 Q. Okay. And in order to consider your 9 plan and your request for approvals is it fair to say that any planner or any decision maker doing proper 10 11 planning would have to know whether it is in or out and 12 why; is that correct? 13 THE CHAIRMAN: Well, that is two parts. 14 Whether it is in or out is one, and why is another. MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Okay. Whether it is 15 in or out first. 16 17 MR. SNELSON: A. All elements of the existing system affect the need for new resources, and 18 19 so in that sense the status of the existing system has 20 an implication with respect to the need for new 21 resources. 22 Q. You will agree that whether 3,000 23 megawatts is in or out is more important than whether 24 20 megawatts at a transmission line is in or out?

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A. Yes.

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1	Q. Okay. Mr. Chairman, that might be an
2	appropriate time to break.
3	THE CHAIRMAN: We will break until a
4	quarter to 2:00.
5	THE REGISTRAR: Please coming to order.
6	This hearing will recess until 1:45.
7	Lunch recess at 12:29 p.m.
8	On resuming at 1:45 p.m.
9	THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order.
10	This hearing is again in session. Please be seated.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Shepherd?
12	MR. SHEPHERD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
13	Q. Let me just clarify a couple of
14	points here. Mr. Snelson, I think you are the right
15	person for this.
16	There was a discussion with Mr. Castrilli
17	this morning about the transmission implications of the
18	Manitoba contract, and in general, as I understand it,
19	you have withdrawn your request for approvals for
20 .	transmission associated with the Manitoba Purchase; is
21	that correct?
22	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes. I believe both
23	myself and Mr. Campbell have said so.
24	Q. Now, is it fair for me to understand
25	that to the extent that some of that transmission would

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be required to incorporate Little Jackfish or any of 1 the other facilities that you have not withdrawn that 2 portion of that package; correct? 3 Α. There is still as part of the 4 hydraulic approval requested, as I understand it, the 5 6 approval for the transmission to incorporate -- the rationale and need for the transmission to incorporate 7 8 the range of hydraulic generation. 9 Q. A second small point is with respect 10 to the load forecast. 11 Mr. Burke, do I understand you to have 12. testified that the board of directors of Ontario Hydro 13 has approved the 1992 long-term load forecast? 14 MR. BURKE: A. Yes, they approved it for planning purposes. 15 16 Q. I guess I have never heard that term 17 'approved for planning purposes'. Is it different from 'approved'? 18 19 A. As far as I'm concerned, it is 20 approved. 21 Q. I'll just find my notes... 22 We were talking about the implications of Bruce "A" on your planning. One effect of closing 23 24 Bruce "A" either permanently or for mothballing would be that nuclear would then much less often be at the 25

MR. SNELSON: A. It would tend to have

- margin over the next decade, wouldn't it.
- 3 that effect, yes.

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- Q. Let's just hypothesize for a moment
- 5 that the Bruce "A" review, your Bruce "A" review
- 6 however it is done, determines that it is cheaper not
- 7 to proceed with rehabilitating Bruce at this time; that
- 8 is, either mothballing it or closing it altogether is a
- 9 better decision economically. I am not asking you to
- say that that hypothetical is necessarily a good one,
- ll just that is the hypothetical.
- 12 In that situation by definition the
- overall cost of electricity is lower than if you
- 14 proceeded with the rehabilitation; right? That is what
- 15 a cost/benefit analysis does; correct?
- 16 A. I think the question boils down to:
- 17 If it is cheaper, is it cheaper?
- Q. Exactly.
- A. And the answer is "yes".
- Q. But isn't it also true that since the
- 21 marginal costs of nuclear energy are very low the value
- of energy at the margin would be much higher under that
- 23 scenario of closing it; right?
- 24 A. The marginal cost of nuclear energy
- is usually lower. You are correct. And for those

1	proportions of time when nuclear would otherwise have
2	been at the margin and is no longer at the margin then
3	the marginal costs would be higher.
4	Q. In effect, the increased marginal
5	value of energy would be more than offset by reductions
6	in fixed costs; right? That is how that sort of
7	equation works?
8	A. I think we have two different
9	marginal costs. We are talking about system marginal
10	cost of energy; right?
11	Q. Yes.
12	A. And the calculation of the
13	cost/benefit ratio of Bruce will have to take into
14	account the marginal costs of running Bruce in all
15	ours, whether it is the marginal plant or not.
16	Q. Understood. But if you do that
17	second analysis, the cost/benefit analysis, and you
18	determine cheaper not do it or at least not right
19	now
20	A. That is your hypothesis.
21	Q. That's the hypothetical, all right?
22	A. I think that would
23	Q. Then that means overall costs are
24	low. So you have agreed to that?
25	A. I have agreed that if a cost/benefit

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- 1 analysis shows costs to be lower, then costs are lower.
- 2 But I don't see that's -- that is a self-evident
- 3 statement.
- 4 Q. But however, if nuclear is at the
- 5 margin in your current plan and it is less so when you
- 6 close Bruce isn't the effect that your system
- 7 incremental costs would thereby increase?
- 8 System incremental costs, as I've
- said, would be higher during the hours when nuclear 9
- 10 plant would have been on the margin and in the new
- 11 scenario would no longer be on the margin.
- 12 Q. And the effect of that, isn't it,
- 13 that things like additional demand management, their
- 14 value goes up during that period; isn't that correct?
- 15 A. In that circumstance, yes.
- 16 Q. Is it fair to say that information
- with respect to what is going to happen to Bruce "A", 17
- 18 the decision if you like, is -- what is a good range?
- 19 In fact, maybe you can tell me. When can we expect to
- have that information, what is going to happen to Bruce 20
- "A"? 21

- 22 I don't know. The schedule for the
- process I believe is one of the matters that is under 23
- 24 review at this time.
 - Q. It is not going to be the next few

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	weeks,	12	160

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2 Α. No.

Okay. In the meantime, let's say it 3 takes a year. Whether it is a year, whether it is six 4 months or whether it is 18 months it doesn't matter. 5 6

Sav it takes a vear.

In the meantime, how do you as planners make decisions about generation planning over that period of time, the next 10, 15 years? How do you make those decisions if you don't know whether that 3,000 megawatts is there or not?

A. Well, the decision that is being addressed is not necessarily whether the 3,000 megawatts is there or not. It covers a range of possibilities. And you have just mentioned the two extremes. All right?

So there are possibilities in between of -- I believe your own capacity picture you showed us was not an early retirement of Bruce; it was more of a mothball until the end of the capacity surplus scenario, all right? So there are various scenarios for faster or slower, partial or complete rehabilitation of the project.

So yes, there are some uncertainties regarding that, and that is one of the many factors

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- 1 that we have to keep in the back of our minds as we 2 proceed with decision-making.
- 3 Q. I guess if you are talking about a 4 small amount of capacity I could understand you sort of 5 keep it in your mind that you might have it, you might not have it. But with this much capacity surely it is 6 fundamentally different planning. You have got it or 7
- 9 A. There is a potential large effect on 10 planning, yes.

you don't have it; isn't that right?

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- 11 Q. Now, all of your planning currently 12 assumes that you are going to have it; right?
- 13 A. The base assumption is that it will 14 be there.
- 15 Q. Is it fair to say that if the 16 decision is to close it then you have to redo your 17 planning, substantially redo your planning? It is not a guestion of a little adjustment here or there. You 18 19 have to do it again; right?
 - A. There will be substantial effects on plans for other resources.
- Q. This Board I guess is in a similarly 22 23 difficult position, I presume, not knowing whether it is in or out. 24

As an expert planner can you give the

1 Board any assistance as to how it should approach the

decisions before it given the uncertainty about Bruce

3 "A"?

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[1:55 p.m.]

5 A. I think the Board has some evidence

from Panel 9 on the status of Bruce "A", and they would

7 to weigh whatever evidence that they have.

I'm not in a position to advise the Board has to do its business, but we are making available the information we have and that has been made available and it is continuing to be made available.

Q. We have already established that the Bruce "A" decision has implication with respect to surplus and avoided cost; correct?

A. Yes.

Q. It has implications with respect to other major issues in this hearing; is that fair?

A. It has implications with respect to a variety of matters, yes.

Q. Could it affect your estimates of emission rates or emission totals for SOx, NOx, CO(2), and things like that?

A. Yes.

Q. Could it affect of the timing of decisions to proceed with hydraulic facilities?

1	Δ	TH	5 Luca	affect	those	decisions.	WAG
	А.	TC	COUTO	arrect	tnose	decisions.	yes.

- Q. And in fact, that discussion we had this morning about whether your hydraulic is required in 2007 or 2000 or what the reasons for it are, that's not really the same discussion if you don't have Bruce "A", right? You need it in eight or nine years; correct?
- A. It affects the degree of capacity surplus and the need for all other resources.
- Q. I presume that the Bruce "A" decision could affect of the timing of major new supply?
 - A. I have been following along these decisions and the answers that I have been giving, it may be on an incorrect basis. I have been giving it on the basis of whether or not all of Bruce is there or none of Bruce is there.

As I have pointed out, the Bruce decision may very well end up being somewhere in the middle ground of how fast do you fix it or how much of it do you fix. So in the sense of a very large decision which is the extreme possibility from this, yes, it does have effects on the need date for other major supply options.

Q. Right now you don't know. Somewhere in that range from 3,000 megawatts to zero megawatts is

1	what you are going to have from Bruce. That is all you
2	know right now; right?
3	A. No.
4	Q. Okay. You know something more than
5	that?
6	A. For instance, in the documents that
7	we have produced in the ranking of certain of surplus
8	management options, we have looked at giving up Bruce
9	as one of the surplus management options and it ranks
10	lower than mothballing Lakeview, for instance.
11	So the information that we have at the
12	moment tends to support the base assumption of the
13	continuation of Bruce and that being our base
14	assumption.
15	Q. Mr. Snelson, isn't it true that you
16	presented that to your own Board of Directors and they
17	rejected and said, no, go do a proper job; isn't that
18	exactly right?
19	A. No.
20	THE CHAIRMAN: I think that's again a
21	little bit of editorializing. Do a different kind of
22	job, would that be a fairer way of putting it?
23	MR. SHEPHERD: Or more thorough job, yes.
24	Q. Let me put it another way. Weren't
25	you instructed by the board of directors of Ontario

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1 hydro to go do a more detailed review of Bruce "A"? 2 MR. SNELSON: A. The board of directors

"A" be done.

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Q. Okay. If, in the extreme examples of Bruce "A", such as not having it any more at all, that might affect your choice of new supply, right, in the sense that it might affect whether you have more fossil because of emissions concerns, that sort of thing; isn't that right?

at its October meeting directed that a review of Bruce

A. The change of 3,000 megawatts in the nuclear part of the system would have a substantial effect on the other decisions.

Q. Okay. You have a group right now trying to figure out what to do about environmental controls for fossil, right? What's it called, a new emissions strategy; is that right?

A. Their a group reviewing the policy on air emissions, yes, and degree of control.

Q. And that's going to include things like when to put in the flue gas desulphurization and CPM, and all those sorts of things; right?

Yes. We have given a rather one Α. sided picture in terms of the projections we have shown here, which is what does the program look like if we

1	make very stiff cuts in the environmental control
2	program, and I think that's one side of what is being
3	looked at. The other side is of continuing with more
4	controls than we have shown in our scenario that would
5	reduce emissions from the levels that we have
6	indicated.

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0. The first side, the lower cost higher emissions approach, that's what you base your avoided costs on; right?

It is consistent with that, yes.

Q. Yes. And it's correct, isn't it, that if you were to close Bruce for any significant period of time, then that's going to have an effect on your emissions and then presumably on that new emission strategy; right?

A. I think you have made the point several times that if in the extreme case, if Bruce was to be closed it affects a lot of other aspects of planning, and we have been been through that point several times.

Q. So if you mothball one unit of Bruce, that doesn't affect fossil emissions?

A. No, I didn't say that. But obviously these things are matters which small changes have relatively small effects and large changes have large

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- 1 effects. It is as simple as that.
- 2 Q. All right. You currently have a
- 3 transmission problem west of Toronto, right,
- transmission limitations west of Toronto, FIGTA? 4
- 5 I believe that was Dr. Macedo's Α.
- 6 evidence on Panel 7.
- 7 O. That's still the case?
- 8 I don't know of any change since his
- 9 evidence in that regard.
- 10 The closure of Bruce alleviates that
- 11 problem; right?
- 12 A. I couldn't be definitive as to
- 13 whether in total it relieves transmission problems or
- 14 increases transmission problems.
- 15 It may have a beneficial effect on that
- 16 particular interface, it may have some other effects
- 17 somewhere else. I haven't studied it.
- 18 Q. Is it fair to say, Mr. Snelson, that
- 19 in order to do proper planning of your system, a
- 20 decision what to do with Bruce "A", close it, open it,
- leave it open, half and half, temporary, permanent, 21
- 22 whatever, that from a proper planning point of view,
- 23 that involves consideration of all of those issues we
- have just discussed; isn't that correct? 24
- 25 A. There are aspects of overall planning

- of the system where you have to look at the bigger 1 2 picture, yes.
- O. In fact, right now you are before 3
- this Board with an approval for 14- to 1,800 megawatts, 4
- that's all that is on the table right now; right? 5
- That's actually half of the impact of Bruce "A"; 6
- 7 correct?
- In terms of capacity, yes. 8 A.
- And it is even less than half of 9 0.
- 10 Bruce "A" in terms of energy; isn't it?
- That's correct. 11 Α.
- 12 Let me go on to a different subject.
- 13 Sorry, Bruce "A" is about 10 per cent of
- 14 your generating capacity; right, in that range?
- 15 Α. Yes.
- Q. 16 It sounds to me from this discussion,

I don't want to overstate it, I just want to get a

- 18 sense from you whether this is right, that a decision
- like what to do about Bruce "A" is almost like doing a 19
- 20 whole demand/supply plan: You should be fitting all
- 21 the pieces together in the same way as you do any other
- 22 demand/supply plan for such a big number; isn't that
- 23 right?

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- 24 A. I don't think it's quite as large a
- 25 task as a whole demand/supply plan.

Q. All right. Let me turn to 2 non-utility generation. Well, no. Actually before I 3 do that, maybe you could...

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In Exhibit 796 there is a number of places where you talk about the environmental impacts associated with the current changes. Aside from the places where you specifically deal with the environment here, is it fair to say that your evidence with respect to the environmental impacts of the Demand/Supply Plan before this Board is as contained in Exhibit 4 and in the subsequent oral evidence and fillings that we have seen so far, there is nothing new beyond what is there?

I am sorry, can you repeat that I thought the guestion was going to be about question? Exhibit 796 and then I thought I heard a question about other elements.

O. It is about 796. Exhibit 796 doesn't have an environmental analysis, it doesn't say here is our 35 pages of analysis of what our plans do to the environment, as you had in the original Demand/Supply It has a few notations of changes. Plan.

> That is correct. Α.

So aside from those changes, what you have said about your original DSP and about the Update we treat that as being still true. That's still the

			Shalaby, Burke, Snelson, Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)	(7)
1	environmental	impacts	of your plan; correct?	
2		A. The	new information on environmental	L

Q. You haven't done a new comprehensive review of the environmental implications of your

impacts that we have, we have given in Exhibit 796.

generation plans, have you?

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A. Not in the same way as we did for the original Exhibit 3 and prior to Panel 10 evidence based upon Exhibit 452.

Q. And there was a comment I think in the September 19th memo which is, what, attachment B, you recall the comment to the effect something like we haven't looked at the environmental, legal and other implications of this stuff yet, and it was intended that that would done later; do you recall that?

I will find it if you want. Bottom of the second page of the Executive Summary.

A. Yes, I think I just got there.

O. Last three lines.

leadership, legal and hearing implications... will be required in the coming months.

Additional analysis of environmental

Okay?

A. Yes.

Q. And you have done some of that but

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you haven't completed that analysis of the environmental implications of all these changes: have you?

There was sufficient additional work Α. done that the Board felt able to make the decisions they did make in October.

> 0. Yes?

And that work primarily consisted of the consideration of the air emissions which were significantly changing and the environmental controls of air emissions that were being considered, and the cuts to environmental controls.

Essentially what has happened with environmental controls is that in September there was a proposal that very large cuts be made, and in October when it came to decisions then they left that to some degree open by accepting a cut in the capital program of 7 to 10 billion dollars, the difference being due to whether in fact the cuts in the environmental controls do in fact go ahead, and then they set up a process to look into that some more.

> That only deals with air emissions? 0.

Α. That deals with air emissions which were seen as being the significant environmental change

l tha	t was	being	introduced.
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2	Q. All right. But that's not the only
3	environmental issue you dealt with in exhibit - what
4	was it - 6? Exhibit 4? The environmental analysis?
5	Exhibits 4: right?

That is correct. There were many environmental implications that were considered, yes.

Q. Okay. And you have done no analysis of the impacts on those environmental issues of your changes, have you?

A. We have not done a new comprehensive environmental analysis in that form. We do believe that the environmental impacts of individual options have been well described on previous panels, they remain the same. This plan that we have in front of us at the moment is, if anything, cutting out things from the previous plans. We felt that that was sufficient.

Q. So is that something like it's the same as then only less so? Is that what you are saying?

A. As regards the impact of plans that have been cut back, yes. And the area that people were unsure of was the effect on air emissions, of making large cuts to the capital program for air emissions based upon projections of lower use and lower need

1	while still keeping emissions low, and people were
2	uncomfortable with that, sufficiently uncomfortable
3	with that that they have initiated this further review
4	to reconsider.
5	Q. One of the environmental issues that
6	has been discussed in this hearing is the question of -
7	I guess the easiest way I to describe is - monetization
8	of environmental externalities. Have there been
9	changes at Ontario Hydro in that regard since you last
10	gave evidence in Panel 10?
11	A. No, there have not.
12	Q. Is there a committee or task force of
13	some sort set up at Ontario Hydro to deal with the
14	question of externalities?
15	A. There is a committee looking at some
16	of the aspects of that, yes.
17	Q. That's headed up by Mitch Rothman?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. Can you give us an update of that
20	status of that review? Is it at a point where you can
21	tell us something about it or is it just too early?
22	A. It's too early.
23	Q. Can you tell us something about the
24	process or the mandate of that review?
25	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Mr. Chairman, aren't we

1 just getting into the area? This is a matter, my recollection is, when it was talked about at the time, 2 3 this would be a matter in which, like many others, Ontario Hydro keeps current, does work, it's continuing 4 to do work. I am not sure why an inquiry into the 5 6 ongoing day to day kind of business that Hydro does 7 needs to be dealt with in the context of this panel. MR. SHEPHERD: The reason I was asking 8 9 about the mandate, Mr. Chairman, is that it sounded to 10 me like we were talking about a task force of some sort 11 intending to look at what is a fairly fundamental

> dramatically change how Hydro did things. If that's going to happen, I think we should know now rather than

issue, and they could make recommendations that would

later.

[2:17 p.m.]

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THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I think if it happens they will let us know, and until it does happen

we have to take the evidence we now have.

MR. SHEPHERD: Q. In the same way as if a decision on Bruce "A" could have a substantial effect on your planning is it correct that a decision to include --

THE CHAIRMAN: I don't think -- if it is externalities would have an effect on the planning your

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1 question -- that question doesn't have to be answered.

2 MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Chairman, can I ask

3 you why that is?

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4 THE CHAIRMAN: Because the issue of

externalities has been dealt with.

6 I would think the answer was

7 self-evident. Of course, it would have an effect.

Similarly, any decision, whatever the decision is, if

it is different from continuing Bruce "A" in its

present form it will also have an effect. I mean, that

is also self-evident.

12 MR. SHEPHERD: I guess, Mr. Chairman, I 13 accept that, of course. I won't explore those things anymore. 14

> It does raise a question for me which I would like to put on the record although I am not necessarily asking you to answer it right now.

One of the potential arguments that parties could make in this hearing is that because of the current circumstances at Hydro with certain uncertainties too large -- or certain very large uncertainties it is inappropriate for this Board to give approvals to Ontario Hydro because the information before it is too uncertain.

Am I being unreasonable in expecting that

Shalab	y,Burke,Snelson
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1	that sort of argument is a legitimate argument in this
2	hearing. Not necessarily one you would accept, but one
3	that we could make?

THE CHAIRMAN: No, I think that is certainly an argument that can be made. But the issue of externalities is one that has been thoroughly gone into in the earlier panels.

MR. SHEPHERD: I wasn't going to ask, Mr. Chairman, about whether externalities are a good idea or bad idea. That is something that we will debate. I was merely trying to figure out whether there was a big imminent change at Hydro on that issue because that would then raise the same question as Bruce "A".

about changes and position of the proponent on any of these matters is something that the proponent has control of. When they want to bring it to the attention of the Board they can do so. Until that has been done we have got to assume that nothing has changed as far as their position is.

MR. SHEPHERD: Well, Mr. Chairman, they weren't going to tell you that there could be 3,000 megawatts in or out from Bruce "A". I had to ask about it.

MR. B. CAMPBELL: Excuse me, Mr.

1	Chairman. The matter of whether or not there is a
2	review being conducted of Bruce "A" was explicitly
3	addressed by this panel in its filed material and in
4	its evidence in chief.

5 THE CHAIRMAN: That's right.

6 MR. B. CAMPBELL: It was absolutely

7 clear.

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I think my friend has amply demonstrated, given the uncertainty and the direction of risk that he has pointed out, why the approvals are required. It is excellent for that purpose and I appreciate his cross-examination, but to say that we were not going to bring to your attention that Bruce "A" may not be there, that there was a review being done of Bruce "A" is in my submission simply entirely incorrect.

MR. SHEPHERD: Let me move on to a new 16 17 subject.

> Q. Mr. Snelson, I think, could you look at attachment F, please, to Exhibit 796. Do you have it?

> > MR. SNELSON: A. Yes.

O. Is this your current NUG forecast for the year 2000?

This was the information current as of the end of October.

	Dalziel cr ex (Shepherd)
1	Q. That is not what I asked you. I
2	asked you, is it your current NUG forecast?
3	A. Well, clearly we have said in our
4	direct evidence that it does not incorporate any
5	changes that may come about as a result of the December
6	decisions to put a hold on and reconsider some of the
7	NUGs.
8	I have not seen a forecast, and I don't
9	believe one is being made, of what might be the outcome
10	of that process. So we know that there is a process in
11	place that may well change these numbers, but I don't
12	know of any other changes to it.
13	THE CHAIRMAN: Just to clarify my
14	position, is the data in attachment F consistent with
15	the load forecast in attachment C?
16	MR. BURKE: The load forecast only
17	concerns itself with the load displacement non-utility
18	generation, and this attachment refers purely to
19	purchased non-utility generation.
20	MR. SNELSON: Attachment F though is, I
21	believe, consistent with attachment J, which is the
22	load to capacity balance that Mr. Dalziel has
23	discussed.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: Right. Thank you.

MR. SHEPHERD: Q. So then, to the extent

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1	that your decision in December to put a number of NUGs
2	on hold, I guess is the fairest way of describing it,
3	to the extent that that changes your projections for
4	non-utility generation it also changes the projections
5	you have filed of surplus and deficit; correct?
6	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes.
7	Q. You don't know what those numbers are
8	as of yet?
9	A. As I say, I don't believe any
.0	estimate has been made, certainly not one that I know
.1	of of what the effect might be.
.2	THE CHAIRMAN: Putting NUGs on hold, is
.3	my recollection correct that they are put on hold in
. 4	order to give further consideration; it doesn't mean
.5	that they are not going to be proceeded with?
.6	MR. SNELSON: That is quite correct.
.7	THE CHAIRMAN: It is to provide a
.8	breathing space in order to consider what the policy is
.9	going to be; is that correct?
20	MR. SNELSON: That is correct.
21	MR. SHEPHERD: Q. Didn't you also decide
22	not to take anymore applications for new projects?
23	MR. SNELSON: A. That, I believe, was
24	already in place for projects greater than five
25	megawatts.

Q. And now it is in place for under five 1 2 megawatts; correct? I don't know that is a fact, but it 3 A. 4 may be. 5 Q. I wonder if you could find that out for us? 6 7 We can undertake to find that out. A. THE CHAIRMAN: That will be No. 2. 940, 8 9 No. 2. 10 THE REGISTRAR: 940.2, yes. --- UNDERTAKING NO. 940.2: Ontario Hydro undertakes to 11 determine status of any decision to put on hold NUG projects of less 12 than five megawatts. 13 MR. SHEPHERD: Q. The real undertaking I 14 15 was going to get - and I mean, if this is going to be a 16 matter of some months then don't bother, but if it is 17 something that is being worked on now perhaps I could 18 get it - is to get these numbers corrected for that 19 decision. Is that something you could --20 MR. SNELSON: A. For the December 21 decision? 22 Q. Yes. Is that something that you could do? 23 24 That is not something I could Α. 25 undertake to do in the near future. It will depend

	or ca (bilepileta)
1	upon how that process, that whole process resolves
2	itself.
3	Q. You don't know how long it is going
4	to take?
5	A. I have indicated that it is likely to
6	be of the order of two months.
7	Q. All right. The 2,284 megawatts that
8	you show to the end of 1996 in this table that is all
9	projects currently known to Hydro; correct?
10	A. I would expect that to within at
11	least 25 megawatts you are correct.
12	Q. I'm sorry I am taking so much time,
13	Mr. Chairman, but I am cutting out lots of questions.
14	So it is well spent.
15	Let me go to load displacement
16	non-utility generation then, and perhaps you could turn
17	to yesterday's transcript, page 30,431, and this is
18	you, Mr. Snelson. You talk about discontinuing your
19	financial assistance plan, and you comment that that is
20	a response to an OEB recommendation to do that.
21	That OEB recommendation was in HR 19,
22	wasn't it?
23	A. I'm just looking through the
24	recommendation, but my understanding was that it was
25	HR 21.

	cr ex (Shepherd)
1	Q. Which would be 1992, as opposed to
2	HR 19 which was 1990?
3	A. Yes. And if my briefing notes are
4	correct then the recommendation of the OEB in HR 21,
5	which was the report on 1993 rates, and I am quoting
6	Recommendation 4.2, was that:
7	The Board recommends that no further
8	financial assistance be given to the
9	development of any new non-utility
10	generation project during this period of
11	oversupply, except when required for
12	small environmentally and social
13	preferred projects.
14	Q. Okay. In your direct evidence you
15	talk about the situation with the municipal utilities.
16	Who was that? Was that you, Mr. Shalaby?
17	A. With respect to non-utility
18	generation load displacement?
19	Q. Yes.
20	A. I think that was probably me, too.
21	Q. Oh, that was you, too? You're right.
22	The current proposals by the municipals would add some
23	several hundred megawatts of generation, isn't that
24	correct - capacity?
25	A. That is my understanding.

1	Q. This is a type of natural load
2	displacement cogeneration; correct?
3	A. One can think of it as such. In this
4	case, one is actually talking about and it depends
5	on whether one sees municipal utilities as being
6	utilities or buying their generation or generating it
7	themselves from some other source for sale to ultimate
8	users or whether you think upon them as being a bulk
9	electricity customer generating his own electricity.
10	So you can look upon it either way.
11	Q. But what I am asking is, Hydro has
12	three categories: natural load displacement, program-
13	driven load displacement, and purchases. Which one is
14	it in?
15	THE CHAIRMAN: Just make sure that I
16	understand what "it" is.
17	MR. SHEPHERD: "It" is the proposals for
18	several hundred megawatts of additional capacity to be
19	built by municipals.
20	THE CHAIRMAN: You are talking about the
21	situations situation like Kingston, Sudbury, Windsor,
22	that sort of situation?
23	MR. SHEPHERD: Sudbury wasn't a
24	municipal. But yes, Kingston, Windsor, Toronto,
25	Sarnia.

Shalaby, Burke, Snelso	n,
Dalziel	
cr ex (Shepherd)	

1 THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.

MR. BURKE: I don't know if this

clarifies it for you, Mr. Shepherd, but in determining

the basic load forecast the amount that we have called

load displacement NUGs in our tables refers to

industrial non-utility generation.

In the process of going from total electricity demand in Ontario to the basic we have another category historically for adjusting to Statistics Canada data that includes the generation of utilities.

So it hasn't, up to now, been included in the numbers we call load displacement non-utility generation, but it is part of the adjustment that is made historically between the provincial demand for electricity and the basic load.

You will find reference to that in chapter 1 where I give the differences, I think it is on page 22, between demand on Ontario Hydro and demand in the Province. The item is called "Electricity Sold in Ontario by Entities Other Than Ontario Hydro".

So historically we have taken the generation by electric utilities into account. Up to now a forecast of a change in that amount has not been included in our load forecast.

1 Q. So the bottom line is, whatever this 2 number is it isn't in any of your numbers in this 3 filing; right? 4 A forecast of future... Α. MUGs they are called, "municipal 5 6 utility generation". 7 A. Whatever that is. 8 0. It is their term, too. 9 Α. I see. Is not included in this load 10 forecast, no. 11 Q. Mr. Dalziel, it is not included in 12 your balance either, is it. 13 MR. DALZIEL: A. No. 14 Q. Okay. 15 Or I should say, that is correct. Α. 16 Q. Obviously, Mr. Snelson, hence the need for a task force to deal with it, because that is 17 18 a lot of generation and you have already got more than 19 enough; right? 20 MR. SNELSON: A. There is a need for a 21 task force because the issues around it are complex, and that is -- I addressed that in my direct evidence. 22 I don't think I have anything to add to what I said in 23 24 direct. Q. Well, let me talk about load 25

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1	displacement by customers for a second. There was a
2	time when you encouraged self-generation by customers,
3	correct, but you don't do that any more; you discourage
4	it, if you like?

Α. Yes.

6 Do I understand your evidence to be 7 that you really can't prevent customers from self-generating. If it is cheaper, they can do it, 8 9

right, if they feel that it is appropriate? A. Yes, provided that when they are

connecting to the system that the normal requirements for parallel operation and so on are met.

[2:35 p.m.]

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Q. Well, is there some sense in which you can make interconnect requirements and similar things tough enough that it would be hard for customers to self generate?

I don't think it would be justifiable to make the interconnection requirements any more stringent than was required to protect the system.

Q. Okay. So it's a theoretical possibility but it wouldn't be appropriate; is that fair?

Α. I have accepted that customers can generate their own power if they wish and meet the

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1 normal requirements of the system.

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2 Q. Now, if you look at attachment E, 3 please. We are back to that page 2. As I read this, 4 and correct me if I am wrong, as I read this your 5 expectation is that by 1995 commercial customers will 6 be paying in 1991 dollars 7.59 cents a kilowatthour on 7 average, and large industrial customers will be paying, 8 again in 1991 dollars, 5.66 cents per kilowatthour.

> Is it correct that on those sorts of numbers there is a quite a large number of customers for whom self generation would be a cheaper option? MR. BURKE: A. Yes.

Q. Where self generation is a cheaper option for a business, whether industrial or commercial, is it correct to say that implementing it improves that business' competitiveness?

Well, I think that would depend a lot on the how the business -- they were able to finance things from their own perspective. I really couldn't comment on that.

O. It's not simply getting expenses down means you are more competitive; there is more to it than that, is that fair?

A. Yes. And it depends on whether it turned out to be a good decision.

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O. Yes, I quess. 1

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well.

Take a look at attachment - I think this 2 is for you. Mr. Snelson - attachment D, this is the 3 system incremental cost, at page 8. I want to check Δ 5 one other thing.

> This example here on page 8 is of somebody who proposes to cogenerate to displace purchases from Ontario Hydro. I quess my initial question is, why would you be calculating the avoided cost of such a project?

> MR. SNELSON: A. This may seem like a long time to answer a simple question, and the quick answer is that I don't know why that example is in there. I was trying to be more helpful than that and to check back whether this particular example is a carry-on from previous additions of the system incremental values.

> > Q. It was in the March 1992 SICS as

A. Okay, I couldn't quickly find them to check that point, but I suspect that it's a carry-on from that previous example.

Q. In fact, now that you don't have any financial incentives to load displacement projects, typically there wouldn't be any reason to calculate

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1	avoided	costs	for	such	а	project;	right?
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~	A. That is correct, diress that
3 .	calculation was being done to see whether the avoided
4	cost had changed to the point where there was that
5	that policy should be changed. If avoided costs rise,
6	then there may come some point at which we wish to go
7	back to encouraging self generation.

Oh, clearly, clearly. But we are talking here about something that's like 3 cents or something, right, and the decision-maker, who is deciding on the project, that owner of the factory, they don't care about that number at all; right?

A. That's correct.

Q. They care about whatever Hydro is charging them.

> Α. That is correct.

Okay. It sounds very much like demand management. I mean, you have the same sort of effect in a demand management situation; right?

A. I'm sorry, in what respect are we discussing it to being similar to demand management?

O. You can calculate the avoided costs for a demand management initiative by a customer.

> Α. Yes.

O. But that calculation of the avoided

costs, which on today's numbers might well be much less 1

than the retail prices, is not relevant to your customer, is it? Only the retail prices are relevant

to your customer?

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A. From the customer perspective for both non-utility generation and demand management, then the cost of electricity is the rate that they are charged rather than Ontario Hydro's avoided cost.

With respect to demand management, of course, we are still conducting demand management programs and the avoided costs to Ontario Hydro of that demand management program is very relevant to the design of the demand management program, which is something that Mr. Shalaby would speak to.

Q. Yes, understood.

I guess the difference between those two - and I don't know who it is that answers this the difference between those two is that in the case of the person displacing load, they have a relatively simple calculation. They would be paying this much to the utility, it's costing this much. If the first is greater than the second, they are fine, subject to all of their financial considerations. Whereas in the case of demand management, if they don't get that result, you might still be giving them an incentive to do it

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- anyway because of the avoided cost -- or because of the total customer cost calculation; correct?
- 3 MR. SHALABY: A. For the sake of saying 4 something on the record today, they let me answer the 5 question. [Laughter]
- 6 Yes. [Laughter]
- 7 Q. I like your answer. That's enough
- for you, Mr. Shalaby. [Laughter]

freeze: is that correct?

- Is it correct, Mr. Snelson, that since
 the December 17th announcement a lot of the load
 displacement projects that Hydro was aware of that were
 being planned have either been cancelled or suspended
 even though they are not really caught up in your new
- MR. SNELSON: A. You are saying since
- 16 December 17th?

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- 17 Q. Yes.
- 18 A. I have no information on load
- 19 displacement NUGs between December 17th and now.
- Q. Okay. Has Ontario Hydro ever used --
- 21 No. I have got to the make sure I focus on what you
- 22 have filed.
- Let's go to the natural NUG forecast, and
- that is attachment C which I assume is page 107, Mr.
- 25 Burke.

- 1 MR. BURKE: A. Yes.
- 2 You, in fact, said in your oral
- evidence on page 30425 that the effect of this is by 3
- the year 2000 your forecast is up about 150 megawatts; 4
- 5 right?
- 6 A. I said relative to last year.
- 7 0. Relative to last year?
- 8 Not relative to the starting point. A.
- 9 Relative to the starting point it's 0.
- 10 up how much?
- 11 About 300 megawatts, I think. A.
- 12 Q. I am going to ask you to look at
- 13 Exhibit 938, the second page, and this is the thermal
- 14
- component of that chart graphed out. Obviously the
- Hydro component stays the same; right?
- 16 unchanged.

- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 This is the thermal component and 0.
- 19 will you accept -- no, it isn't. Sorry, it's the
- 20 total. That's the total, I'm sorry.
- 21 The column that says total gigawatthours
- 22 here, plotted out here, will you accept subject to the
- 23 check that that is a fair representation of your
- 24 forecast?
- 25 A. Yes, subject to your correction that

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1	in fact not the natural thermal but the total. But as
2	the hydraulic is flat, the general profile would be the
3	same.
4	Q. Okay. And this shows that natural
5	load displacement thermal generation sorry, load
6	displacement generation, increases for about six years
7	from now and then starts to drop and drops throughout
8	the remainder of the planning period; correct?
9	A. Yes, this is energy generation.
10	Q. Of course.
.1	A. Not capacity.
.2	Q. Understood. I will get to that.
13	If you take a look at page 106 of
L 4	attachment C, you explain why there is a drop after
15	1998, and that's in the second last paragraph.
.6	Describe the price increase sorry, the increase is
L7	being driven by higher prices and then you say that the

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less; correct?

A. Yes, that's the implication.

Q. Okay. So then I went to attachment E, which is your energy price trends forecast, now this is all just industrial; right?

price moderation will reduce self generation. And I

understand you to mean here not that people will shut

down their thermal units, but they will simply use them

1		λ	Voc

2	Q	. Okay.	So then	if we want to	look at
3	price impacts, v	we should	look at	the industrial	
4	electricity pric	ces; righ	t?		

A. Yes.

0.

E. You confirm this is the right numbers to look at?

A. Well, that's certainly the current

industrial electricity price projection.

And that's on page 51 of attachment

Q. Excellent, excellent. So then if you look at page 3 of Exhibit 938, and from that page delete in the title the word "thermal", you see that what this does is simply superimpose the real electricity prices over top of your estimate of natural NUGs, and will you accept, subject to check, that that chart of real electricity prices fairly represents the page 51 data?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. Now, I guess I would have expected the pattern of prices to go roughly the same way as the generation and it doesn't. And my question is: Why wouldn't the customer who choose to self generate in 1994 when the price is 5.6 cents a kilowatthour, not still want to be self generating at least as much in 2007 at 5.66 cents a kilowatthour?

cr ex (Shepherd)

Well, the answer is that because we needed to prepare a forecast for the long-term, we sought the assistance of an equation, which is given at the top of page 106. And it should not be surprising that in an equation that looks at the attractiveness of non-utility generation, it's not just the price of electricity that matters; it's the price of natural gas that matters, and as in the case actually that we were looking at for fuel switching with Mr. Rogers and in direct evidence, the absolute price levels perhaps are not the greatest indication. It matters how things are changing because in many ways the rapid increase and interest in non-utility generation, some of these decisions could have been made earlier by customers had they wanted to. The price differential is not new.

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So, we were looking for an equation to understand how customers respond to price differences. And what this equation suggests is they are sensitive to gas price changes, as well as electricity price changes, and in the period beyond 1995 in this forecast, gas prices are increasing much more rapidly than electricity prices. And you have the result that while people would have installed the capacity if the gas price forecast is correct and the behavioural relationship represented by the equation is correct,

they would choose not to use it so much. 1

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Now, the expectations of people in installing the capacity may not be that our gas price forecast is what happens, but we do have our own gas price forecast and we believe it to be correct, and so we are planning on the basis of it and the equation reflects the use of it.

Q. Is it fair to say then that if we had a similar representation of your fuel switching projections, that it would similarly go up to 1998 and then tail off to a level below the current levels?

A. You don't go back and forth on those decisions like you can in running a generator. But the rate of conversion from electricity to gas is certainly going to be strongly weighted to the front end of the period and slow down beyond the year 2000. And I think that issue is brought out in the residential end use space heating forecast in chapter 3 of the document, that beyond the year 2000 the incentive diminishes, but --

Q. But that would be like in the fuel switching situation somebody saying, okay, I will put in the gas furnace, the prices are lower, and then 10 years from now saying, better get out the old space heater because electricity is getting cheaper now.

1 That's a similar situation; right?

2 A. Not really, because the situations 3 for fueling switches are ones where people switch from 4 central electric to central gas and they wouldn't have 5 the option to go back and they will have to reconsider 6 the economics and maybe the price differences wouldn't 7 be sufficient to switch them back.

> In the case of generators we are talking about throttling up or throttling down.

Now whether people choose to operate this way, I don't know, the situation hasn't really happened before, except that historically there is precedent --I should say the situation that might arise in '97 hasn't happened before at those price levels. But historically the reason this equation works and fits is that in the period in which natural gas prices rose between 1975 and 1984, non-utility generation was falling.

[2:58 p.m.]

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So in other words, the capacity existed, but people chose not to use it as much. And that is why this equation fits. Otherwise, it wouldn't fit.

We are extrapolating it to the future that when gas prices rise again that people will use less -- use their generation less even though the

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That may not be true. Maybe at these price levels they will continue on generating. But this was the best information I had to work with, and this was the best way I could think of of projecting into the long-term this marketplace.

Q. One of the things you said to Mr. Rogers, as I understood it, was that you anticipate -that the key to fuel switching is the price stability. There has always been a price advantage, but as the price stabilizes you see more and more people making

the decision to switch: right?

A. I think -- you know, maybe stabilizing is part of it, but I think it is a strong expectation that prices will maintain the differential for a long period of time.

Q. Okay. And in the '80s people's expectations were that -- at least, what you have assumed is that people's expectations were that they couldn't rely on the differential remaining for very long; right?

That's correct.

And your current projection is that there will be a very long-term stable flow of prices and as a result you get more fuel switching?

1 Mm-hmm. A.

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2 And you will never get up to even Q. 3 close to the peaks of the '80s. And my question is, 4 why doesn't that mean you get a lot more natural NUGs?

> A. Well, you do. The industrial natural NUGs increased 50 per cent in less than five years in this forecast.

> Q. But you are expecting that at the end of the period with electricity prices much higher and having had gas price stability for 25 years that we will have less than we do now. Isn't that what you are projecting?

A. We are expecting a return to roughly where we are today, yes. That is what the projection from this model gives.

Now, I think we are entering into an area which is extremely difficult to forecast, but I -- one can go on one's opinion or one can look for empirical evidence. And what I chose to do was try to model historically the use of the generation that existed in the province over a period of about 20 years, and it showed that historically when gas prices rose people throttle back. And that is what the equation picks up, and I have no reason at this point to expect that may not happen again.

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Dalziel
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	cr ex (Shepherd)
1	MR. SHEPHERD: Mr. Burke, I will come
2	back to the model itself on Monday morning.
3	Mr. Chairman, that may be a good time to
4	break. I should tell you that for those parties who
5	are on the schedule I do not expecting to into
6	Wednesday at this point.
7	THE CHAIRMAN: That is a bit of a retreat
8	from this morning. This morning you said you were for
9	sure going to stop Tuesday. So I don't know whether
10	there is a distinction between the two
11	MR. SHEPHERD: I had forgot that I had
12	said that. Anyway, same as this morning.
13	MR. B. CAMPBELL: Mr. Chairman, just to
14	start cleaning up undertakings as quickly as I can I
15	have made inquiries with respect to the obtaining of
16	Orders in Council for under five megawatt projects, and
17	it is correct to say that Orders in Council are
18	obtained for all projects above and below five
19	megawatts.
20	THE CHAIRMAN: So that satisfies
21	Undertaking No. 2; is that correct?
22	MR. B. CAMPBELL: No, No. 1. 940.1.
23	THE CHAIRMAN: 940.1.
24	MR. SHEPHERD: That's fine.
25	THE CHAIRMAN: We will adjourn now until





